

The Gazette



of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 33] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1951

**NOTICE**

The undermentioned Gazette of India Extraordinary was published during the week ending the 14th August 1951:—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
124	S. R. O. 1226, dated the 11th August 1951.	Ministry of Transport.	Appointing the 16th day of August 1951 as the date on which the Inland Steam Vessels (Amendment) Act, 1951, shall come into force.

Copies of the Gazette Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

**PART II—Section 3**

**Statutory Rules and Orders issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and Central Authorities (other than the Chief Commissioners).**

**MINISTRY OF LAW**

*New Delhi, the 9th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1231.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 299 of the Constitution, and in supersession of the Notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of Law No. F. 82-1/48-L, dated the 17th May 1948, and the 9th July, 1948, the President hereby directs that all contracts and assurances, of property required to be made in the United Kingdom in exercise of the executive powers of the Union may be executed on his behalf by the High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom:

Provided that, subject to such rules and restrictions as the said High Commissioner with the approval of the President prescribes,

(a) any such contract for, or relating to, the manufacture, sale, purchase or supply of goods or for or relating to the affreightment or the carriage of goods, or insurance, may be executed on behalf of the President by the Deputy High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom or any of the following officers of the India Store Department under the control of the said High Commissioner:—

(i) the Director General, (ii) the Deputy Director General, (iii) the Director of Purchase, and (iv) all Controllers serving in the said Store Department,

(b) any such other contract may be executed on behalf of the President by the said Deputy High Commissioner, and in the absence of the said High Commissioner and the Deputy High Commissioner, by the Chief Accounting Officer or the Secretary of the General Department of the said High Commissioner's Office.

[No. F. 35-VI/51-L.]

SHRI GOPAL SINGH, Dy. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS***New Delhi, 2, the 8th August, 1951*

**S.R.O.1232.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4, 10, 17 and 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and in supersession of the Indian Arms Rules, 1924, published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department No. F.829-1-22, dated the 3rd November, 1923, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules :—

1. **Short title and extent.**—(1) These rules may be called the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

(2) They extend to the whole of India except Part B States.

2. **Interpretation.**—(1) In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

“ District Magistrate ” includes, in the case of the suburbs of Calcutta, any District Magistrate as defined in the Government of Bengal Notification, dated the 21st September, 1880 and the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and in cases where the Central Government so directs, in respect of any district or part thereof, an Additional District Magistrate ; “ Form ” means a Form as set out in Schedule VII ; “ the Act ” means the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878) ; and “ Political Agent ” means the principal officer, by whatever name called, representing the Central Government in any territory or place outside India.

(2) The General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), shall apply for the purpose of the interpretation of these rules in like manner as it applies for the purpose of the interpretation of a Central Act.

**APPLICATION OF THE ACT.**

3. **Exemption, exclusion and withdrawal.**—(1) The persons and classes of persons, the arms and ammunition, and the areas in Part A States and Part C States specified or described in Schedules I to IV are, respectively, exempted, excluded and withdrawn to the extent and subject to the conditions therein specified from the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in the Act :

Provided that the exemptions specified in Schedule I are made subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (a) they shall not be deemed to render lawful the import of arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office ;
- (b) save in the case of persons included in entry 2 of the said schedule, any person so exempted shall register, in such manner as the Central Government may prescribe, any fire arm or ammunition for the same in respect of which he is exempted from the operation of any provision of the Act ;
- (c) every person shall, on the loss or theft of any arm in respect of which he is so exempted, forthwith report the occurrence at the nearest police-station ; and
- (d) the Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that any such exemption conferred on a class of persons shall cease to extend to any person included in that class who may be named in the notification.

(2) Any person failing to comply with any condition of exemption set out in provisos (b) and (c) to sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to have violated these rules.

4. *Extension.*—For the purposes of the definition of “military stores” in section 4 of the Act, all sections of the Act are extended to all Part A States and Part C States in relation to all—

- (i) lead, sulphur, saltpetre and sodium azide,
- (ii) chlorates, and perchlorates,
- (iii) asphyxiating, poisonous, irritant or other gases and analogous liquids, materials or devices which are not used in any *bona fide* industrial process in India.

#### IMPORT

5. **Restriction upon import of cannon and certain other articles.**—

(1) A licence in Form I for the import of—

- (a) cannon,
- (b) articles designed for torpedo service,
- (c) war-rockets,
- (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition,
- (e) continuous fire fire-arms, or
- (f) anti-tank rifles

may be granted only by the Central Government.

(2) A copy of every licence granted in accordance with sub-rule (1) shall forthwith be sent—

- (a) where the articles are consigned to a Presidency town—to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are consigned to any other place—to the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

6. **Restriction upon import of arms, ammunition and military stores from Portuguese India.**—A licence shall not be granted for the import of any arms, ammunition or military stores from Portuguese India :

Provided that nothing in this rule shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect any power conferred by these rules to grant a licence for the import of ammunition which, in the opinion of the authority granting the licence, is intended in good faith for blasting purposes.

7. **Restriction upon import of certain fire-arms.**—A licence shall not be granted for the import—

- (a)(i) of rifles of .303 bore or of muskets of .410 bore or of parts of, or fittings for, rifles or muskets of such bores or, save as otherwise provided by rule 36, of ammunition which can be fired from such rifles or muskets; or
- (ii) of rifles of any other bore containing the following components capable of use in rifles of .303 bore, namely, actions, breech blocks, breech bolts, bodies, magazine cases, cocking pieces and breech bolt heads; or
- (iii) of pistols or revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 mm calibre or of parts of, or fittings for, pistols or revolvers of such bores; or save as otherwise provided by rule 36, of ammunition which can be fired from such pistols or revolvers; or
- (iv) of appliances the object of which is the silencing of fire-arms; or
- (b) of any arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office.

**8. Import of arms, ammunition or military stores into certain ports and air-ports.**—Save as otherwise provided by rules 5 to 7, a licence in Form II may be granted for the import by sea and air—

- (a) of arms, ammunition or military stores, at a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police ;
- (b) of arms, ammunition or military stores, at the ports of Kozhikode, Cochin, Tuticorin and Port Blair—by the District Magistrate of the district in which the port is situated ;
- (c) of sulphur in reasonable quantities, at the port of Tuticorin and Kakinada—by the Board of Revenue in Madras on satisfactory proof that the sulphur is required in good faith for medicinal, manufacturing or agricultural purposes.

**9. Import of arms, ammunition or military stores by sea from Madras or Bombay into certain ports.**—Save as otherwise provided by rules 5 to 7, a licence in form II for the import by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores—

- (a) from the port of Madras, into the ports of Tuticorin, Bheemunipatnam, Kakinada, Nagapattinam, Mangalore, Gopalpore, Visakhapatnam, Pamban, or Masulipatam, or
- (b) from the port of Bombay into the ports of Mangalore and Tuticorin.

may be granted by the District Magistrate of the district in which the port of import is situated.

**10. Import by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores.**—(1) Save as otherwise provided by rules 5 to 7, a licence in form III for the import, by land or river, of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted—

- (a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned to a Presidency town—by the Commissioner of Police, or
  - (b) where they are consigned to any other place—by the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.
- (2) Such a licence may also be granted for the import of arms which—
- (a) belong to any person who resides in any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin and is exempted under Schedule I from the necessity of taking out a licence for going armed with, or for possessing, such arms, and
  - (b) are imported solely for the purpose of repair, by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned ; and such licence shall also cover the re-export of such arms to the State from which they were imported.

(3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported from any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin otherwise than under sub-rule (2), a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by road or river and are consigned to a district not on the frontier of India, a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent to the District Magistrate of the district into which they cross such frontier ; and such Magistrate may, in his discretion, require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to be taken out of the district.

(5) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by rail, a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent by the authority granting it to the railway authorities at the place to which such arms, ammunition or stores, are consigned.

**11. Scrutiny by railway authorities of consignments.**—(1) The railway authorities to whom a copy of a licence has been sent under sub-rule (5) of rule 10 shall require the consignee to produce the original licence and shall satisfy themselves—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him correspond with the description given in such licence, and
  - (b) that such licence is identical in substance with the copy sent to them.
- (2) Where, in any case referred to in sub rule (1)–
- (a) the consignee fails to produce the original licence, or
  - (b) the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him do not correspond with the description given in such licence, or
  - (c) the licence is not identical in substance with the copy sent to the railway authorities,

such authorities shall not deliver the consignment and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

**12. Production and delivery of import licences.**—(1) The consignee of arms ammunition or military stores imported under a licence shall—

- (a) where the consignment crosses the frontier by land or river, produce the licence within six days of such crossing before the District Magistrate of the district into which the consignment so crosses, or before such other officer as the District Magistrate may appoint in that behalf; and
  - (b) in any case in which the consignment is imported by land or river, deliver the licence within six days of the arrival of such consignment at its destination—
    - (i) in a Presidency town—to the Commissioner of Police,
- Or
- (ii) in any other place,—to the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

(2) Every officer before whom a licence is produced or to whom a licence is delivered under sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the licence, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

#### EXPORT

**13. Restriction upon export by sea of cannon and certain rifles.**—(1) A licence in Form IV or Form V for the export of—

- (a) cannon, or
- (b) rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles,

may be granted only by, or with the previous sanction of the Central Government :

Provided that nothing in this rule shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect any power conferred by these rules to grant a licence for the export of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, which, in the opinion of the authority granting the licence, are intended in good faith for sporting purposes.

**14. Export by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores from and to certain ports.**—(1) Subject to the provisions of rule 13, a licence in Form IV for the export by sea, of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted—

- (a) at a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) at the port of Kozhikode, Dhanushkodi, Tuticorin or Cochin—by the District Magistrate of the district in which the port is situated, or
- (c) by the Central Government in the case of arms and ammunition forming part of the estates of deceased or insane persons who were or are subject to the Indian Navy (Discipline) Act, 1934, or whose estates are dealt with under the Army & Air Force (Disposal of Private Property) Act, 1950 (XL of 1950), where such arms or ammunition are to be sent to wives, widows, legal representatives or next-of-kin of such deceased or insane persons.

(2) Every licence granted under sub-rule (1) shall be for export either—

- (a) to such one of the ports specified in clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-rule (1), or
- (b) in the case of export from the port of Madras to such one of the ports mentioned in clause (a) of rule 9, or
- (c) in the case of export from the port of Bombay to such one of the ports mentioned in clause (b) of rule 9, or
- (d) to such other place in the Commonwealth, as may be specified or described in the licence.

(3) A copy of every licence of the nature referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub-rule (2) shall forthwith be sent—

- (a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned to a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are consigned to any other place—to the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

**15. Export by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores from certain ports to ports in Part B States or to foreign territory.**—(1) (a) A licence for the export by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores from any of the ports of Madras, Bombay, Calcutta, Kozhikode, or Cochin to any port in a Part B State or to other foreign territory may be granted in Form V by the Central Government :

(b) A licence for the export by sea of arms (other than arms in respect of which the restriction imposed by rule 13 applies) ammunition or military stores may be granted in Form V by any of the officers specified in the first column of Schedule V when the arms, ammunition or stores are to be exported from a port specified in the corresponding entry of the second column to a port specified in the corresponding entry of the third column thereof, subject in each case to the conditions specified in the fourth column.

(2) A copy of every licence issued under this rule for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores to any port in a Part B State shall forthwith be sent by the authority granting it to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.

(3) The authority granting a licence under this rule shall also send a copy of such licence to the agent or master of the vessel by which it is intended that the arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the licence shall be shipped, and such agent or master shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing

arms, ammunition or military stores unless such case or package is accompanied by the original licence, and shall satisfy himself—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores, correspond with the description given in such licence, and
  - (b) that such licence is identical in substance with the copy sent to him.
- (4) Where in any case referred to in sub-rule (3)—
- (a) the case or package is not accompanied by the original licence, or
  - (b) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such licence, or
  - (c) the licence is not identical in substance with the copy sent to him, such agent or master shall not receive the consignment for despatch, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

**16. Export by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores.—**

(1) A licence in Form VI for the export by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores to any place outside Part A States and Part C States may be granted—

- (a) by the Central Government, or
- (b) by any of the officers specified in the first column of Schedule VI when the arms, ammunition or stores are to be exported to a place specified in the corresponding entry of the second column, subject in each case to the conditions specified in the third column.

(2) A licence for the export by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores to a Part B State may be granted by such officer as may be empowered by the Central Government in that behalf.

(3) Where any arms, ammunition or stores are exported to any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin under a licence granted under this rule by an authority other than the Chief Secretary of the State concerned, a copy of such licence shall forthwith be sent to Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are exported by road or river, a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent to the District Magistrate of the district out of which they cross the frontier of India; and such Magistrate, may, in his discretion, require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

(5) (a) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are exported by rail, a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent by the authority granting it,—

- (i) in the case of a consignment despatched from a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police, and (ii) in all other cases—to the District Magistrate of the district from which the consignment is to be despatched.

(b) The Commissioner of Police or District Magistrate shall forthwith send a copy to the railway authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched; and the railway authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or military stores unless accompanied by the original licence, and shall satisfy themselves—

- (i) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such licence, and
- (ii) that such licence is identical in substance with the copy sent to them.

(c) Where in any case referred to in clause (b)—(i) the case or package is not accompanied by the original licence, or

(ii) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such licence, or

(iii) the licence is not identical in substance with the copy sent to them, such authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

**17 Delivery of export licenses.**—(1) Where any arms, ammunition or military stores are exported by road or river, the licence shall, within six days of the arrival of the consignment in the district out of which it is to cross the frontier and before it so crosses, be delivered to the District Magistrate of such district, or to such other officer as the District Magistrate may appoint for this purpose.

(2) Every officer, to whom a licence is delivered under sub-rule (1), shall satisfy himself—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the licence, and

(b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

#### IMPORT AND RE-EXPORT

**18 Import and re-export by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores.**—Where a vessel bound for a port other than a port in a Part A State or a Part C State calls at any port in a Part A State or a Part C State in the course of its voyage, and there remains for a period exceeding forty eight hours, any arms, ammunition or military stores in the possession of any passenger not exempted from liability to take out a licence in respect of such possession shall be delivered by him to the Customs collector, to be detained until the departure by sea of such passenger, and it shall not be necessary for such passenger to take out any licence in respect of arms, ammunition or military stores so delivered and detained.

#### TRANSPORT

**19 Prohibition of transport of arms, ammunition or military stores otherwise than under licence.**—(1) Save as herein otherwise provided, the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores is prohibited except under a licence and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such licence.

(2) Nothing in sub rule (1) shall be deemed to apply—

(a) to arms and ammunition transported personally or as personal luggage, in reasonable quantities for his own use by any person lawfully entitled to possess arms or go armed,

or

Subject to the provisions of rule 37 and save in the case of arms or ammunition consigned to any place in the State of Ajmer from outside the State,

(b) to arms, ammunition or military stores which are covered by a licence for their export or import and are being transported by a licensed dealer in accordance with such licence—

(i) from the place of despatch in a Part A State or a Part C State to the port or other place of export or from the port or other place of import to the place of destination, or

(ii) by transshipment in the port of import for re export by sea, or

(c) to arms, ammunition or military stores transported—

(i) by any person licensed to possess such articles or exempted from the liability to obtain such licence, where such articles are transported



in reasonable quantities for his own use from the premises of a licensed dealer, or are transported for purposes of examination or repair to or from any such premises or are transported to any other person so licensed or exempted as aforesaid ;

(ii) by a licensed dealer, where such articles are transported in a case or package legibly addressed to such a person as is referred to in sub-clause (i), in compliance with an order given by such person for the supply of such articles in reasonable quantities for his own use ; or

(d) to chlorates transported for *bona fide* industrial, agricultural and medicinal purposes.

**20. Restriction upon transport of cannon and certain other articles.—**(1) A licence in Form I for the transport of—

(a) cannon.

(b) articles designed for torpedo service,

(c) war-rockets, or

(d) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition,

may be granted only by the Central Government.

(2) A copy of every licence granted in accordance with sub-rule 1 shall forthwith be sent—

(a) where the articles are consigned to a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) where they are consigned to any other place—to the District Magistrate of the District in which such place is situated.

**21. Transport of arms, ammunition or military stores.—**(1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 20, and subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 37, a licence in Form VII for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted—

(a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned from a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police ;

(b) where they are consigned from any other place—by the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated ;

(2) A copy of every licence granted under sub-rule (1) for transport beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it shall forthwith be sent—

(a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned to a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) where they are consigned to any other place—to the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

(3) A copy of every licence granted under sub-rule (1) by a District Magistrate for transport within the limits of his district shall forthwith be sent to the subordinate Magistrate (if any) having authority at the place to which the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are transported by rail, a copy of the licence shall be attached to the way-bill or invoice, as the case may be, and telegraphic advice of every such consignment shall be sent by the railway authorities from the forwarding to the receiving station ; and the consignment shall not be taken from the railway premises unless the railway police, or, if there are no railway police, the railway authorities, have satisfied themselves that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the licence.

**22. Delivery of transport licences.**—(1) The consignee of any arms, ammunition or military stores transported by land, or river under a licence shall deliver the licence within six days of the arrival of the consignment at its destination—

- (a) in a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) in any other place—to the District Magistrate of the District in which the place of destination is situated, or to such other Magistrate as the District Magistrate may appoint in that behalf.

(2) Any officer to whom a licence is delivered under sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or military stores correspond with the description given in the licence, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for, and any subordinate Magistrate, to whom a licence is delivered under clause (b) of that sub-rule, shall forward it to the District Magistrate.

#### IMPORT, TRANSPORT AND RE-EXPORT.

**23. Licence for import, transport and re-export of arms, ammunition and military stores.**—(1) Save as otherwise provided by rules, 5, 7 and 20, a comprehensive licence in Form VIII for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores and for their re-export may be granted—

- (a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned from one of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin to another such State separated therefrom by the territory of a Part A State or Part C State—by the Chief Secretary to the Government of either State concerned.
- (b) where they are consigned from any place in any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin to any other place in the same State separated therefrom by the territory of a Part A State or Part C State—by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.

(2) (a) Where under the authority of the licence granted under sub-rule (1), the arms, ammunition or stores are to be transported across the territory of a Part A State or Part C State entirely by rail, a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State granting it to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the other State concerned and to the railway authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched.

(b) The railway authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or military stores unless accompanied by the original licence and shall satisfy themselves—

- (i) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such licence, and
- (ii) that such licence is identical with the copy sent to them.

(c) Where in any case—

- (i) the consignment is not accompanied by the original licence, or
- (ii) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such licence, or
- (iii) the licence is not identical with the copy sent to them, the railway authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch and shall

forthwith inform the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State granting the licence.

(3) Where under the authority of a licence granted under sub-rule (1) arms ammunition or stores are to be transported across the territory of a Part A State or Part C State and re-exported by road or river.—

(i) a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State granting it to the District Magistrate of the district out of which the consignment is to cross the frontier of a Part A State or Part C State into the State to which it is exported; and

(ii) the licence shall within 6 days of the arrival of the consignment in the district out of which it is to cross the frontier of a Part A State or Part C State into the State to which it is exported, and before it so crosses, be delivered to the District Magistrate of such District, or to such other officer as the District Magistrate may appoint for this purpose.

(4) Every officer to whom a licence is delivered under clause (ii) of sub-rule (3) shall satisfy himself—

(a) that such licence is identical in substance with the copy sent to him under clause (i) of that sub-rule, or to the District Magistrate in case he is not the District Magistrate himself,

(b) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the licence; and

(c) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

**24. Licence for import transport and re-export of arms, ammunition and military stores.**—(1) Save as otherwise provided by rules 5, 7 and 20, a comprehensive licence in form VIII for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores and for their re-export may be granted—

(a) where they are consigned from any place in Nepal to a Part A State or Part C State—by the Ambassador of India in Nepal;

(b) where they are consigned from any place in Nepal to any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin separated therefrom by any Part A State or Part C State or part of a Part A State or Part C State—by the Ambassador of India in Nepal or by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.

(2) (a) Where under the authority of the licence granted under sub-rule (1), the arms, ammunition, or military stores are to be transported across Indian territory entirely by rail, a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent by the Ambassador of India in Nepal to the District Magistrate or the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned and to the railway authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched.

(b) The railway authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or military stores unless accompanied by the original licence and shall satisfy themselves—

(i) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such licence, and

(ii) that such licence is identical with the copy sent to them.

(c) Where in any case—

(i) the consignment is not accompanied by the original licence, or

(ii) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such licence or

- (iii) the licence is not identical with the copy sent to them, the railway authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch and shall forthwith inform the Ambassador of India in Nepal, who granted the licence.

(3) Where under the authority of a licence granted under sub-rule (1) arms, ammunition or stores are to be transported across Indian territory and re-exported by road or river,—

- (i) a copy of the licence shall forthwith be sent by the Ambassador of India in Nepal to the District Magistrate of the district out of which the consignment is to cross the frontier of India into Nepal, and
- (ii) the licence shall within 6 days of the arrival of the consignment in the district out of which it is to cross the frontier of India into Nepal and before it so crosses, be delivered to the District Magistrate of such district, or to such other officer as the District Magistrate may appoint for this purpose.

(4) Every officer to whom a licence is delivered under clause (ii) of sub-rule (3) shall satisfy himself—

- (a) that such licence is identical in substance with the copy sent to him under clause (i) of that sub-rule, or to the District Magistrate in case he is not the District Magistrate himself;
- (b) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the licence, and
- (c) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

#### EXPORT AND RE-IMPORT

##### 25. Licence for export and re-import of arms, ammunition and military stores.—

(1) Save as otherwise provided by rules 5 and 7, a comprehensive licence in Form VIII for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores and for their re-import, where such arms, ammunition or stores, are consigned from any place in a Part A State or Part C State to any other place in a Part A State or Part C State separated therefrom by the territory of any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin may be granted by the licensing authority of either such place, that is to say, by the authority empowered under these rules to grant a licence for the export of such arms, ammunition or military stores when consigned from, or, as the case may be, for their import when consigned to, such place.

(2) A copy of every licence granted under sub-rule (1) shall forthwith be sent by the licensing authority granting it to the other licensing authority concerned and also—

- (a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are to be transported entirely by rail to the railway authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched, and
- (b) where the arms, ammunition or stores are to be transported by road or river to the District Magistrate of the district into which the consignment is to cross the frontier of India on re-importation.

(3) The railway authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or military stores unless accompanied by the original licence and shall satisfy themselves :

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such licence, and
- (b) that such licence is identical with the copy sent to them.

(4) Where in any case—

- (a) the consignment is not accompanied by the original licence, or
- (b) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such licence, or
- (c) the licence is not identical with the copy sent to them,

the railway authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate having jurisdiction at the place where the consignment is tendered for despatch.

#### MANUFACTURE AND SALE

**26. Manufacture, conversion, sale and keeping for sale of arms, ammunition or military stores.**—(1) A licence—

- (a) in Form IX to manufacture, convert, sell or keep for sale, or
- (b) in Form X to sell and keep for sale, any arms, ammunition or military stores, may save as otherwise provided by sub-rule (2), be granted—
  - (i) in a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police, or
  - (ii) in any other place—by the District Magistrate.

(2) A licence—

- (a) in Form XI to manufacture, convert, sell or keep for sale, or
- (b) in Form XII to sell or keep for sale.

breech-loading rifles, parts of breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles shall be granted only by the Central Government or in the State of Madras by the Board of Revenue.

(3) The Central Government or in the State of Madras the Board of Revenue may, by licences granted by it under this rule, authorise selected dealers to sell and keep for sale a specified amount of ammunition for rifles of .303 bore for muskets of .410 bore and for pistols and revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore, or of .38 bore or 9 mm calibre :

Provided that the licensee shall not sell from his stock to any person who does not hold—

- (a) a licence to possess such ammunition, or
- (b) a licence for the export of ball'd ammunition to any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin granted by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.

(4) Every Magistrate and every Police officer not below the rank of Inspector or, if the Central Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector, may, within the local limits of his authority,—

- (a) enter and inspect any premises in which arms, ammunition or military stores are manufactured, converted, sold, or kept for sale, and
- (b) examine the stock and accounts of receipts and sales of arms, ammunition, or military stores.

#### KEEPING FOR SAFE CUSTODY

**27. Licence to keep for safe custody firearms and ammunition.**—A licence in Form XIII to keep for safe custody firearms and ammunition deposited by their owners for that purpose may be granted to the holder of a licence in Form IX, Form X, Form XI, or Form XII—

- (a) in a Presidency-town— by the Commissioner of Police, or

- (b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-Divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf.

#### POSSESSION

28. **Restriction upon possession of cannon and certain other articles.**—(1) A licence in Form I for the possession of—

- (a) cannon,
- (b) articles designed for torpedo service,
- (c) war-rockets, or
- (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition,
- (e) continuous fire firearms,

may be granted only by the Central Government.

(2) A copy of every licence granted under sub-rule (1) shall forthwith be sent—

- (a) where the articles are to be kept in a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are to be kept in any other place—to the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

29. **Possession of arms, ammunition or military stores.**—Save as otherwise provided by rule 28, a licence in Form XIV for the possession only of arms (other than pistols or revolvers), ammunition or military stores may be granted—

- (a) in a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police ; or
- (b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate or by any sub-divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf.

30. **Licence for the possession and use of firearms for purposes of target practice.**—A licence in Form XV for the possession and use of firearms, for the purposes of target practice, by the members of any military mess or of any club or association may, with the sanction of the Central Government, or in the State of Madras, of the Board of Revenue, be granted in the name of the mess, club or association—

- (a) in a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police ; or
- (b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-Divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf.

#### POSSESSION AND GOING ARMED

31. **Possession of arms and ammunition and going armed for sport, protection or display.**—(1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 28, a licence in Form XVI or Form XVI-A for the possession of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and for going armed for the purposes of sport, protection or display may be granted—

- (a) in Madras and Bombay—by the Commissioner of Police, in Calcutta—by the Deputy Commissioner of Police at headquarters ;
- (b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-Divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf ;
- (c) in the case of a person residing in any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan,

Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin—by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned, and

- (d) in the case of a person residing in Nepal—by the Ambassador of India in Nepal.

Provided that—

- (i) no licence shall be granted for the possession of such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 7, or of ammunition for rifles of .303 bore or for muskets of .410 bore or for pistols or revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 mm. calibre or for going armed with such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers unless such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers or such ammunition have been lawfully imported into any Part A State or Part C State; and
- (ii) no licence shall be granted in respect of ball'd ammunition for rifles of .303 bore or for muskets of .410 bore or for pistols or revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 mm. calibre unless the authority granting the licence is satisfied that such rifle or musket is lawfully possessed by the owner thereof for sporting purposes or that such pistol or revolver has been lawfully imported into any Part A State or Part C State, as the case may be, and the amount of ball'd ammunition which such licensee may possess during the period of twelve months next ensuing shall be entered in the licence.

(2) Any licence granted under sub-rule (1) may be made valid by the licensing authority as follows :—

- (a) throughout the State in which it is granted or any specified part thereof, or throughout Part A States and Part C States, and
- (b) when granted by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned under clause (c) of that sub-rule, or by the Ambassador of India in Nepal under clause (d) of that sub-rule, throughout the whole or any specified part of Part A States and Part C States.

(3) Any such licence having effect outside the Part A State or Part C State in which it is granted shall be granted subject to any restrictions which may be imposed by any general or special order of the Central Government.

(4) The District Magistrate, South Arcot, may, on the recommendation of the Commissioner of the French Republic in the French Establishments in India endorse a licence granted in Pondicherry for the possession of arms and ammunition or for going armed as valid for a period not exceeding one year throughout Part A States and Part C States or any specified part thereof, and such licence shall, when so endorsed, be deemed for such period to be a licence granted under sub-rule (1).

**32. Temporary licence for possession of arms and for going armed by *bona-fide* travellers.**—(1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 28, a licence in Form XVII may be granted to a *bona-fide* traveller proceeding from a port of arrival in a Part A State or Part C State to his place of destination and for the possession of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities during the period occupied in so proceeding and for going armed during such period—

- (a) if the port of arrival is a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police; and
- (b) in other cases by the District Magistrate, or by any other officer specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf;

Provided that—

- (a) no licence shall be granted for the possession of such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule(1) of rule 7, or of ammunition for rifles of .303 bore, or for muskets of .410 bore or for pistols or revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 mm. calibre or for going armed with such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers, unless such rifles, muskets, pistols, revolvers or ammunition have been lawfully imported into any Part A State or Part C State; and
  - (b) no licence shall be granted in respect of ball'd ammunition for rifles of .303 bore or for muskets of .410 bore or for pistols or revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 mm. calibre unless the authority granting the licence is satisfied that such rifle or musket is lawfully possessed by the owner thereof for sporting purposes or that such pistol or revolver has been lawfully imported into any Part A State or Part C State, as the case may be.
- (2) A copy of every licence granted under sub-rule (1) shall forthwith be sent—
- (a) where the licensee's place of destination is a Presidency-town—to the Commissioner of Police ;
  - (b) where his place of destination is elsewhere in a Part A State or Part C State—to the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated ;
  - (c) where his place of destination is in any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin—to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.
- (3) Any officer to whom a copy of such licence has been sent under sub rule (2), shall satisfy himself when necessary that the licensee has complied with condition 6 entered on the form of licence.

**33. Possession of arms and ammunition, and going armed for the destruction of wild animals.**—A licence in Form XVIII for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings or cattle may be granted by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-Divisional Magistrate especially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf.

**34. Possession of arms and ammunition and going armed for the protection of crops.**—A licence in Form XIX for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to crops or cattle may be granted by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-Divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf:

Provided that such licence—

- (a) shall only be granted to *bona fide* cultivators; and
- (b) shall be valid only in the place or area specified in the licence by the licensing officer.

**35. Going armed on a journey.**—(1) A licence in Form XX for going armed on a journey in or through any Part A State or Part C State may be granted—

- (a) in a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police ;
- (b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate or by any Sub-Divisional Magistrate specially empowered by the Central Government in that behalf ;



(c) in the case of a person residing in any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin—by the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned; or

(d) in the case of persons residing in Nepal—by the Ambassador of India in Nepal.

(2) Where a Commissioner of Police or District or Sub-divisional Magistrate receives an application for a licence of the nature referred to in sub-rule (1) from any person who—

(a) is not resident within the local limits of his authority, or

(b) is not personally known to him, he shall, before granting the licence, ascertain—

(i) when the applicant resides in a Presidency-town—from the Commissioner of Police ;

(ii) when the applicant resides in any other place in a Part A State or Part C State—from the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated; or

(iii) when the applicant resides in any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin—from the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned,

whether there is any objection to the grant of the licence unless, for reasons to be recorded, he considered this precaution to be unnecessary.

#### POSSESSION AND IMPORT OR TRANSPORT

##### 36. Possession by dealers of certain balled ammunition with liberty to import.—

(1) A licensed dealer authorized by the Central Government under sub-rule (3) of rule 26 to sell and keep for sale a specified amount of balled ammunition for rifles of .303 bore, for muskets of .410 bore and for pistols and revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 mm calibre may be permitted—

(a) in a Presidency-town—by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) in any other place—by the District Magistrate, to import such ammunition up to such amount.

(2) Where application is made under sub-rule (1) for permission to import balled ammunition, the dealer shall produce his licence and, if permission is granted, the authority granting it shall endorse on the licence the quantity of balled ammunition for which, and the date on which, such permission was granted.

#### APPLICATION FOR, AND GRANT OF LICENCES

37. Previous sanction in certain cases—(1) Save as provided by rule 23, a licence, having effect beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it, shall not be granted—

(a) for the export of any arms, ammunition or military stores to any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin without the previous sanction of the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned ;

Provided that the previous sanction of the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned shall not be necessary in cases where the consignee

(i) the Ruler of an Indian State ;

- (ii) a gazetted officer in civil employ or an officer in the Indian Navy, Army or Air force ;
- (iii) a member of the family of a Ruler of an Indian State or an official of any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin who has been designated in this behalf by the Central Government or the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned ;
- (iv) one of the persons or a person belonging to one of the classes of persons specified in Schedule I and the consignment is intended for the personal use only of the consignee ; or
- (b) for the import or transport of any arms, ammunition or military stores—
  - (i) to a Presidency-town without the previous sanction of the Commissioner of Police ; or
  - (ii) to any other place in a Part A State or Part C State, without the previous sanction of the District Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

(2) The previous sanction referred to in this rule may be obtained either—

- (a) by the applicant for the licence, or
- (b) by the officer to whom application for the grant of such licence is made.

(3) Where the previous sanction is sought by the officer to whom application for the grant of the licence is made, he shall send a copy of the proposed licence to the authority whose previous sanction is required ; and, on receipt of the reply of such authority, he shall either grant the licence or inform the applicant that his application is refused.

**38. Application for licences.**—(1) Every person who wishes to obtain a licence under these rules shall apply in writing, through the medium of the Post Office or otherwise at his option, to the nearest authority empowered to grant such licence, and shall in such application furnish all such particulars as may be necessary to enable such licence to be granted :

Provided that application on behalf of a person serving in the Indian Navy, Army or Air Force shall be made through his Commanding Officer, to the licensing authority empowered in respect of the place to which he is for the time being posted.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-rule (1), every person applying for a licence—

- (a) for the import by land or river,
- (b) for the export, or
- (c) for the transport,

of any arms, ammunition or military stores shall specify in his application —

- (i) the place of destination,
- (ii) the route,
- (iii) the time likely to be occupied in the journey, and
- (iv) the quantity, description and price of each kind of arms, ammunition or stores in respect of which the licence is required and the purpose for which they are intended.

(3) Where the grant of the licence requires the previous sanction of some other authority specified in rule 37, the application shall state whether such previous sanction has been obtained and, if so, shall be supported by evidence thereof.

**39. Form and language of licences.**—(1) Every licence shall be granted or renewed in the appropriate Form, and subject to the conditions set forth in such Form, and, save as therein otherwise expressly provided, the arms, ammunition or military stores specified and the persons named in the licence shall alone be covered thereby.

(2) Every such licence shall be written or printed—

(a) where it is granted in a Presidency-town or where it is granted in a district and is intended for use beyond the limits of such district, in English and, if the licensing officer so directs, in the language of the district, or

(b) where it is granted in a district and is intended for use only within the limits of such district, in English or in the language of the district as the licensing officer may direct.

**40. Duration and renewal of licences.**—(1) Save as herein otherwise provided every licence under these rules shall, unless previously cancelled, be in force for such period and expire on such day as, subject to any restrictions or limitations provided in the appropriate Form, the authority granting it may enter thereon

Provided that where a licence is granted in Form XV, XVI, XVIII or XIX for the possession of arms to be acquired by the licensee subsequent to the grant of the licence, the authority granting the licence shall at the time of granting the same direct that within a period specified by him in this behalf, which he may from time to time extend, the arms covered by the licence shall be acquired and that the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for his inspection, and if within the period so specified or extended the licensee fails to acquire the arms and to produce the licence or the arms or both as the case may be, the licence shall cease to be in force.

(2) A licence for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores shall not, save for special reasons to be recorded by the authority granting it, be granted for a period longer than twice the time likely to be occupied in the journey to the place of destination by the route indicated in the licence.

(3) Every licence may, at its expiration and subject to the same conditions (if any) as to previous sanction as would apply in the granting thereof, be renewed by the authority who granted it, or by any other authority empowered to grant a licence of the description in question:

Provided as follows:—

(a) Licences in Form XI or Form XII may, where the Central Government so directs, be renewed

(i) by the Commissioner of the Division, or

(ii) in a Part A State or Part C State where there is no Commissioner of a Division, by the District Magistrate of the District

in which the licensee resides or carries on business;

(b) any Sub-divisional Magistrate may renew a licence in Form XVI, Form XVI-A, Form XVIII or Form XIX; and

(c) the authority issuing a licence will ordinarily be responsible for watching all future renewals of the licence. Where a licence is renewed by an authority other than the authority who granted it, the former shall forthwith inform the latter of the fact of renewal and the period for which such renewal is valid. The applicant for the renewal of a licence under this proviso should, however always be required to state his permanent residence, and, if he notifies a change in his permanent residence to the district in which the renewal is sought, the licensing authority of such district shall thenceforward become

responsible for watching all future renewals of his licence and shall inform the original issuing authority accordingly. This procedure shall be repeated on each subsequent occasion of renewal of the licence, the necessary intimation being sent by the renewing authority to the original issuing authority or to the authority who last renewed the licence on a permanent change of residence, as the case may be.

**NOTE.**—In the case of a Government or Railway Officer “permanent residence” means the place where he is actually posted on duty at the time of renewal of the licence.

**41. Discretion and control of authorities empowered to grant licences.**—(1) Every authority empowered to grant or renew a licence or to give his previous sanction to such grant or renewal may, in his discretion,—

- (a) refuse to grant or renew such licence or to give such sanction, or
- (b) where the authority is subordinate to the Government of a Part State or Part C State, refer the application for orders to such Government :

Provided that in any case in which such authority refuses to grant or renew a licence, the applicant for such grant or renewal may appeal to the immediate official superior of the authority so refusing.

In the State of Madras the Board of Revenue and in the State of Assam, the State Government shall be considered to be the immediate official superior of the District Magistrates for the purpose of such appeals.

(2) Every such authority shall exercise all powers and perform all duties conferred or imposed by these rules, subject to the control of the executive authorities to whom he is subordinate.

**42. Obligation to produce licences.**—(1) Any person who—

- (a) holds a licence granted or renewed or a pass granted under these rules or
- (b) is acting under colour of such licence or pass,

shall forthwith produce such licence or pass upon the demand of any Magistrate or of any Police-officer of a rank not below that of officer in charge of a police station.

(2) Nothing in sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power of any authority empowered to grant or renew a licence to grant or renew it upon any condition, not inconsistent with that sub-rule, with respect to the production of such licence.

**43. Production of arms.**—The authority by whom any licence has been granted under rule 29, rule 30, rule 31, rule 33 or rule 34 or by whom any such licence has been renewed under sub-rule (3) or rule 40 may, for the purpose of satisfying himself that any arms covered by such licence are still in the possession of the licensee, at any time while the licence is in force, by order in writing require the licensee to produce the arms at such time and place and for the inspection of such person as may be specified in the order.

#### FEEs

**44. Fees payable for licences.**—(1) Every licence granted or renewed under these rules shall, save as herein otherwise expressly provided, be chargeable with the fee (if any) indicated in the Form in which it is granted or renewed.

(2) Where any arms, other than—

- (a) cannon, or

(b) rifles, revolvers or pistols in respect of which the prohibition imposed by rule 7 applies,

any ammunition or military stores are imported under a licence into any port in Part A State or Part C State and re-exported thence and re-imported into any of the ports specified in rule 8 or in rule 9, the necessary licences for such re-export under rule 14 and for such re-import under rule 8 or 9 shall be respectively chargeable with a fee of one rupee only.

(3) The Central Government may, by general or special order, grant exemption from, or reduction of, the fee payable in respect of any licence.

(4) Any Political Agent or Chief Secretary of a Part B State authorised under rule 16 to grant licences in Form VI may remit the fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any such licence in the case of arms and ammunition exported for personal use, or in the case of ammunition exported for the use for blasting purposes, whether on a public work or not, of the Government of any territory or place outside India or of any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and United Punjab States, Union, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and Travancore-Cochin.

(5) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any licence in Form VI shall be remitted in the case of all licences in that Form granted under rule 16 by the Commissioner of Police in Madras or Bombay, the Deputy Commissioner of Police in Calcutta, or by the District Magistrate of Delhi or Meerut.

(6) The fee payable in respect of a licence in Form VI granted under rule 16 by the District Magistrate of Malabar for export to Mahe shall be reduced to one rupee in every case in which the value of the consignment does not exceed twenty rupees.

(7) No fee shall be chargeable in respect of the grant or renewal of any licence in Form XVI to any member of any of the classes of persons specified in the first column of Schedule VII for possession of and going armed with the arms and ammunition specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof; provided that if application for renewal is not made within one month of the date on which the licence expires, the licensing authority may, in his discretion, levy renewal fees at the rates specified in Form XVI.

(8) No fee shall be chargeable in respect of the endorsement under sub-rule 4) of rule 31 of a licence granted in Pondicherry.

(9) No fee shall be chargeable in respect of a licence in Form IX granted under rule 26 (1) (a) for the conversion of chlorates for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of fireworks.

45. **Fees Payable for Duplicates.**—Where a licence granted or renewed under these rules is lost or accidentally destroyed, the authority empowered to grant such licence may grant a duplicate—

(a) where the original licence was granted without the payment of any fee, free of all fee; or

(b) in any other case, on payment of a fee of one rupee or of the fee with which the original licence was chargeable whichever is less.

46. **Collection of fees.**—All fees payable under rule 44 or rule 45 shall be paid in cash.

#### SAVINGS.

47. **Savings.**—All exemptions, exclusions and withdrawals made, all licences granted or renewed, all fees imposed, levied, remitted or reduced, and all powers conferred, by or under the Indian Arms Rules, 1924 shall, so far as they are consistent with these provisions, have been respectively made, granted, renewed, imposed, levied, remitted, rules, be or conferred under the corresponding provisions of these rules.

## SCHEDULE 1

(See rule 3)

*Persons Exempted*

The persons or classes of persons specified or described in the first column of the sub-joined table are, subject to the provisions of provisos (b) and (c) to rule 3, exempted, in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the second column, when carried or possessed (save where otherwise expressly stated) for their own personal use, from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the fourth column, subject to the provisos and restrictions entered in the third column.

## THE TABLE

Persons or classes of persons	Arms and Ammunition	Provisos and restrictions	Prohibitions and directions
1	2	3	4
1. (a) President of India	All except — (a) cannon ;		Those con- tained in sections 13 to 15.
(b) Governor of a Part A State.	(b) articles designed for torpedo service ;		
(c) Maharajpramukh of Rajasthan.	(c) war-rockets ;		
(d) Rajpramukh of a Part B State.	(d) such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 7 (and ammuni- tion which can be fired from a rifle of .303 bore or from a musket of .410 bore or from a pistol or revolver of .441, .455 or any in- termediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 m.m. calibre) not lawfully imported into India ;		
(e) Chief Commissioner of a Part C State.	(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition ;  (f) appliances the object of which is the silencing of fire-arms ;  (g) appliances (including pistols, Pistol-pens, pistol-pencils, and grenades, cartridges, etc.), for discharging gas, and (h) continuous fire fire- arms.		

SCHEDULE I—*contd.*

1	2	3	4
2. (a) Ruler of an Indian State having a salute of guns.	Ditto	....	Those contained in sections 13 to 15.
(b) Any legitimate son of such ruler who is not less than 16 years of age and has been nominated by such Ruler.	Ditto	....	Ditto.
(c) A. D. Cs. and/or personal body-guards of such Ruler.	Ditto	....	Ditto
(d) Servants of such Ruler, when carrying arms for, but not accompanying, the Ruler.	Ditto	This exemption shall be subject to the following conditions:—	
		(i) the number of servants entitled to the exemption in the case of each such ruler shall not exceed 4, and	Ditto
		(ii) their names shall have been specified in a general authorisation to any such ruler issued by the State Government concerned.	
3. (a) Ruler of an Indian State not having a salute of guns.	All except—	This exemption shall be subject to such conditions (if any) as may be prescribed by the Central Government and may, where necessary, be of a general nature dispensing with the necessity of a fresh order on each occasion.	Ditto
	(a) cannons;		
	(b) articles designed for torpedo service;		
	(c) war-rockets;		
	(d) such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 7 (and ammunition which can be fired from a rifle of .303 bore or from a musket of .410 bore or from a pistol or revolver of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore or of .38 bore or 9 m.m. calibre) not lawfully imported into India;		

SCHEDULE I—*contd.*

1	2	3	4
	(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition;		Those contained in sections 13 to 15
	(f) appliances the object of which is the silencing of fire-arms;		
	(g) appliances (including pistols, pistol-pens, pistol-pencils, and grenades, cartridges, etc.), for discharging gas; and	This exemption shall be subject to such conditions (if any) as may be prescribed by the Central Government and may, where necessary, be of a general nature dispensing with the necessity of a fresh order on each occasion.	
	(h) continuous fire fire-arms.		
(b) Such members of the family of a Ruler of an Indian State, as may be specified by the Central Government.	Ditto		
(c) A. D. Cs. and/or personal body-guards of the Ruler of an Indian State, not having a salute of guns.	Ditto	The A. D. Cs. and/or personal body guards entitled to the exemption shall not exceed such number as the Central Government may, from time to time, specify.	Ditto <sup>r</sup>
4. Every person of Coorg race and every Jumma tenure holder in Coorg, who by his tenure, is liable to perform military or police duties.	Ditto	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted whilst residing or travelling outside the State of Coorg shall not exceed one rifle with 100 rounds of ammunition for the same and one smooth bore breech or muzzle loading gun with 500 cartridges or the equivalent in leaden shot and gun powder.	Ditto
5. The Prince of Arcot	Ditto	The exemption shall be subject to—  (a) the orders of the Central Government regarding the number of retainers and the quantity and description of arms and ammunition to be permitted, the purposes for which such arms may be carried, and	Ditto



SCHEDULE I—*conold.*

1	2	3	4
		(b) the annual registration of the retainer, weapons exempted, the number and description only being specified.	
6. The Officer Commanding a Unit of the Armed Forces or of the Territorial Army, and when he is in possession of a pass granted and signed by his officer Commanding, every Gentleman Cadet (Regular Army), every Junior Commissioned Officer, every Warrant Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier, Sailor or Airman of the Armed Forces.	Such arms and ammunition as are provided for sporting purposes by Government or from a regimental fund under the authority of the Officer Commanding the unit.	This exemption shall apply in the case of Gentlemen Cadets (Regular Army), Junior Commissioned Officers, Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, and Airmen of the Armed Forces only in respect of weapons and ammunition entered in the pass and to the areas and for the dates specified in the pass and in the case of officers Commanding only in respect of the purchase and stocking of arms and ammunition which are provided for sporting purposes by Government or from a regimental fund.	Those contained in sections 13 to 15.

## SCHEDULE II

(See rule 3)

*Arms, Ammunitions and Military Stores excluded.*

Within the areas specified in the first column of the sub-joined table, the arms, ammunition and military stores described in the second column are excluded from the operation of such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the third column.

## THE TABLE

Area	Arms, Ammunition or military Stores	Prohibitions and directions
1	2	3
1. All Part A States and Part C States except the States of Punjab and Delhi.	All arms except— (a) cannon other than of the kind specified in head (i) of entry 2,	All; provided that the Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette retain all or any of the prohibitions and directions contained in the Act

SCHEDULE II—*Contd.*

1	2	3
	<p>(b) fire-arms ;</p> <p>(c) air guns and air-pistols other than of the kind specified in head (iii) of entry 2 ;</p> <p>(d) articles designed for torpedo service ;</p> <p>(e) war-rockets ;</p> <p>(f) machinery for the manufacture of arms ; and</p> <p>(g) appliances the object of which is the silencing of firearms :</p> <p>Provided that the exceptions in respect of cannon and fire-arms shall not apply in the case of arms of these classes other than filled or empty grenades which are obsolete and un-serviceable and of purely antiquarian value or which are in the possession of a regiment or military mess as trophies or curiosities or otherwise solely for purposes of ornament or display.</p>	<p>in respect of any arms in the case of any class of persons or of any specified area.</p>
2. All Part A States and Part C States.	<p>(i) Toy cannon weighing less than 50 lbs. and having—</p> <p>(a) a calibre of less than one inch ;</p> <p>(b) a length of bore of less than 24 inches ; and</p> <p>(c) the interior of the bore unrifled.</p> <p>(ii) Sights for rifles imported for the use of, or for sale to Officers, Junior Commissioned Officers, Warrant Officers and Petty Officers of the Indian Navy, Army or Air Force or of Armed Forces maintained by a Part B State or of the Indian Territorial Army or non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the Indian Army on a written permit from the Officer Commanding the regiment to which they belong.</p> <p>(iii) Air guns and air-pistols which satisfy the following test, namely, that projectiles discharged from such guns or pistols do not perforate a target 12 inches square formed</p>	<p>All.</p> <p>All.</p> <p>All; provided that the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, retain all or any of the prohibitions and directions contained in the Act in respect of air pistols.</p>

SCHEDULE II—*contd.*

1

2

3

by five strawboards of foolscap size, each board being 3/64ths of an inch thick and closely held together in a frame :

or of any class thereof in the case of any class of persons or of any specified area.

Provided that in making and estimating the test the following conditions shall be observed, namely—

(1) the gun or pistol shall be held horizontally with the muzzle at a distance of five feet from the target,

(2) the test shall be repeated twenty times for each class of projectile which can be discharged from the gun or pistol, and

(3) perforation shall be deemed to be effected in a case where the projectile is a dart, if the point of the dart pierces the back of the target and in any other case if the projectile passes completely through the back of the target.

(iv) Fuses for blasting (safety or otherwise), tubes for firing explosives, detonators and other explosives, not being of the 6th (Ammunition) class as defined in Schedule 1 to the Explosives Rules, 1940.

All, except those relating to export; provided that the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, retain all or any of the prohibitions or directions contained in the Act, in the case of any class of persons or of any specified area.

(v) The following classes of explosives when intended *bona fide* for private blasting purposes :

Those contained in Section 14; but the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, at any time, prohibit possession without a licence, in the case of any class of persons or of any specified area, if it considers it necessary to do so in the interests of public peace.

(1) Cartridges made with gun powder and not containing their own means of ignition, and containing in all not more than 30 pounds of gun powder.

(2) percussion caps.

(vi) Gun-wads and wire cartridges.

Those contained in Section 6.

SCHEDULE II—*contd.*

1	2	3
	(vii) Arms and ammunition required for, and not kept or used for any purpose other than the navigation or operation of aircraft.	All.
	(viii) Chlorates possessed or sold by <i>bona fide</i> medical practitioners and dispensing chemists in accordance with such conditions as may be prescribed by the Central Government.	Those contained in sections 5 and 14.
	(ix) Cartridge cases of arms of one or more than one inch bore.	All.
	(x) Khukhris possessed or carried by Gurkhas of all classes.	All; provided that the Central Government may, by notification in the official gazette, retain all or any of the prohibitions and directions contained in the Act in this behalf in respect of all classes, or any class, of Gurkhas, or of any specified area or areas.
	(xi) Recapper, Decapper and Turnover machines.	All.
3. The States of Punjab and Delhi.	(i) Bows and arrows . . .	All.
	(ii) Uniform swords and dirks of recognised military or official patterns, when possessed by, or intended to be supplied to, persons entitled to wear them as part of their uniforms.	All.
	(iii) Swords imported for presentation as prizes for members of the regular or auxiliary force.	All.
	(iv) In Punjab, ornamental arms and arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value, masonic swords, and theatrical and fancy dress swords; provided that they are virtually useless for offensive and defensive purposes.	All.
	(v) Arms, other than filled or empty grenades, which are in the possession of a regiment or military mess as trophies or curiosities or otherwise solely for purposes of ornament or display.	All.
	(vi) Kirpans possessed or carried by Sikhs.	All.

SCHEDULE II—*concl'd.*

1	2	3
	(vi) Swords of honour possessed or carried by persons or by the heirs of persons to whom they were awarded by the Central Government or the Government of a Part A State or Part C State	All
4 The States of Punjab, Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (Simla Hills)	(i) Swords other than sword sticks (The term "sword stick" includes any pointed or bladed weapon sheathed in such a manner that its real nature may be presumed to be intended to be disguised. It is immaterial whether the sheath completely disguises the presence of the blade or not)	All with the exception of those contained in section 5. Provided that the Central Government may by notification in the official Gazette retain all or any of the prohibitions and directions contained in the Act in respect of any class of persons or of any specified area or areas.
5 All Part A States and Part C States, excepting all districts on the external land frontier of India.	(ii) Spears or 'bachhas'	All
	(i) Lead required in good faith for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and bird shot) up to any quantity	All.
	(ii) Lead in bullets and bird shot in quantity not exceeding such limits as the Central Government may fix	All.
	(iii) Saltpetre	All.
	(iv) Sulphur in quantities not exceeding such limits as the Central Government may fix	All
6. All the districts on the external land frontier of India	(i) Lead required in good faith for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and bird shot) in quantities not exceeding such limits as the Central Government may fix	All.
	(ii) Lead in bullets and bird shot in quantities not exceeding such limits as the Central Government may fix	All.
	(iii) Saltpetre required for medicinal or gold smith's purposes in quantities not exceeding 10 lbs	All
7. That part of the Saurashtra railway which lies in the Ahmedabad district in the State of Bombay.	All arms, ammunition and military stores covered by any exemption or <i>parwana</i> granted under the Saurashtra State Arms Rules, provided that the conditions of such exemption or <i>parwana</i> are observed	Those contained in sections 13 to 15

## SCHEDULE III

(See rule 3)

*Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores excluded*

The arms, ammunition and military stores described in the first column of the sub-joined table are excluded from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in section 6 of the Act to the extent entered in the second column.

THE TABLE

Arms, ammunition and military stores	Prohibitions and directions
1	2
Any arms, ammunition or military stores brought into and landed in bond at or brought into any port in a Part A State or Part C State and declared under manifest to be consignments for any port to which export is permitted.	All.

## SCHEDULE IV

(See rule 3)

*Areas in Part A States and Part C States withdrawn.*

The areas specified in the first column of the sub-joined table are withdrawn, in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the second column, from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the third column.

THE TABLE

Areas	Arms and ammunition	Prohibitions and directions
1	2	3
1. (a) State of Ajmer except the Ajmer City Municipality and all places situate within three miles of any part thereof.	All, except firearms.	Those contained in sections 13 and 14.
(b) Those parts of the Mirzapur District in Uttar Pradesh which are situate on the right bank of the river Sone.	All, except cannon.	Ditto.
2. The lands which are for the time being occupied by the B.B. & O.I. Railway in Nimar district of Madhya Pradesh (including the lands occupied as stations out buildings and for other railway purposes) between the stations of Mortakka and Nimar Kheri.	All.	Those contained in sections 14 and 15: Provided that a person who refuses or omits to comply with any regulation or rule of the Railway for the time being in force relating to the custody of arms while in passenger trains shall not be entitled to the benefit of this exemption.

## SCHEDULE V

(See rule 15)

*Officers empowered to grant licences for export by sea to ports in Part B States or to Foreign Territory*

Officers 1	Ports from which they may grant licences to export 2	Ports to which they may grant licences to export 3	Conditions 4
(1) The Board of Revenue in Madras.	Any Port in Part A State or Part C State.	Ports in French India.	
(2) The Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.	Ditto.	(i) Ports in Portuguese India; (ii) any ports on the coast of Africa ; and (iii) Ports in Iraq.	For sporting rifles [sporting shot guns and their ammunition (excepting such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers and their ammunition as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 7), not intended for sale or for military purposes but for the personal use of the consignee and for explosives required for commercial purposes.
(3) The Chief Secretary to the Government of West Bengal.	Calcutta.	Ports in Iraq.	For sporting rifles, sporting shot guns and their ammunition (excepting such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers and their ammunition as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 7) not intended for sale or for military purposes, but for the personal use of the consignee.
(4) The Chief Secretary to the Government of Saurashtra.	Any port in a Part A State or Part C State.	Any port in Saurashtra State.	
(5) The Chief Secretary to the Government of Travancore Cochin.	Any port in a Part A State or Part C State.	Any port in Travancore-Cochin State.	

## SCHEDULE VI

(See rule 16(1))

*Officers empowered to grant licences for export by land or river to any place beyond the frontiers of the Part A States and Part C States.*

1	2	3
(1) (a) Secretary to the Government of Bombay or West Bengal, or  (b) the Board of Revenue in Madras.	Any Part B State.	For the export of ammunition intended solely for the use of a public railway or other public work.
(2) The Commissioner of Police in Madras.	Any of the French Settlements in the State of Madras.	To persons who would be exempted in a Part A State or Part C State from the ordinary prohibitions of the Act and subject to the following conditions so far as those conditions apply to the circumstances of the case, namely:— (a) the consignment for export shall consist only of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and for personal use; (b) the consignee shall be one of the persons, or shall belong to one of the classes of persons, mentioned in Schedule I; and (c) the Commissioner shall keep a list of such licences.
(3) (i) The Commissioner of Police in the towns of—  (a) Madras, and  (b) Bombay.	Any Part B State.	(a) The consignment for export shall consist only of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and for personal use; (b) the consignee shall be one of the persons or shall belong to one of the classes of persons specified in the proviso to clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 37; (c) the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner shall keep a list of such licences;
(ii) The Deputy Commissioner of Police in Calcutta.		(d) no such officer may grant a licence for the export to a Part B State any arms in respect of which the prohibition imposed by rule 7 applies unless such arms have been lawfully imported into any Part A State or Part C State and are required for the personal use of persons or members of the classes specified in Schedule I.



SCHEDULE VI—*contd.*

2

3

(4) The District Magistrate of Malabar.		
(5) The Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.	Portuguese India.	
(6) (a) The Board of Revenue in Madras.	Pondicherry and the other French Settlements in the State of Madras.	
(b) The Chief Secretary to the Government of West Bengal.	Chandernagore.	
(7) The District Magistrate of Meerut.	Any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Saurashtra, Rajasthan and Travancore-Cochin.	For the export of ammunition only to Part B States; subject to the following conditions, namely:— (a) the consignment for export shall consist only of sporting ammunition or sporting arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities for the personal use of the consignee; (b) the consignee shall be one of the persons or shall belong to one of the classes of persons specified in the proviso to clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 37; (c) the Magistrate shall keep a list of all licences issued by him; and (d) copies of licences covering consignments to any of the States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab, States Union Saurashtra, Rajasthan and Travancore-Cochin shall be sent to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the State concerned.
(8) The District Magistrate of Gurdaspur.	The State of Jammu and Kashmir.	(a) The consignment for export shall consist only of sporting ammunition in reasonable quantities for the personal use of the consignee; (b) the consignee shall be one of the persons or shall belong to one of the classes of persons specified in the proviso to clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 37; and (c) the Magistrate shall keep a list of all licences issued by him.
(9) The District Magistrate of Delhi.	Any Part B State.	Ditto.
(10) The District Magistrate of Ajmer.	The States of Rajasthan and Madhya Bharat.	Ditto.

SCHEDULE VI—*contd.*

1	2	3
(11) (i) The Political Agent in Sikkim.	The States with which he is in political relations and any territory within his administrative control.	<p>(a) No licence shall be granted for the export of—</p> <p>(i) cannon, or</p> <p>(ii) military stores of any kind other than sulphur or chlorates when required for the manufacture of matches, Bengal lights and paper caps for toy pistols, or</p> <p>(iii) save as hereinafter provided, such rifles, muskets, pistols or revolvers as are specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 7 or</p> <p>(iv) save as hereinafter provided, ball ammunition which can be fired from rifles of .303 bore or from muskets of .410 bore or from pistols or revolvers of .441, .455 or any intermediate bore and of .38 bore or 9 m.m. calibre.</p> <p>(b) Licences for the export of rifles, muskets, revolvers or pistols of the bores specified in sub-head (i.) of lead (a) may be granted to persons, or members, of the classes, specified in Schedule I who are exempted in respect thereof ;</p> <p>(c) licences for the export of cartridges may be granted to persons or members, of the classes specified in Schedule I who are exempted in respect thereof, subject to the following conditions, namely:—</p> <p>(i) that the number of such cartridges shall not exceed two hundred in any one year ; and</p> <p>(ii) that the cartridges are for the personal use of the licensees.</p> <p>Ditto.</p>
(ii) The Chief Secretaries to the Governments of the States of Saurashtra, Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Travancore-Cochin, Mysore and Hyderabad.	The State concerned.	
(12) The Commanding Officer of a Gurkha Battalion.	Nepal.	For the export of kulbris in the possession of declared Gurkha sepoys on their departure from the Battalion to Nepal.
(13) The Indian Ambassador in Nepal.	Nepal.	

## SCHEDULE VII

(See rule 44(7))

*Persons to whom no fee is chargeable for a licence in Form XVI in respect of certain arms.*

Persons	Arms and Ammunition
1	2
<p>(1) (a) Any Junior Commissioned Officer, Chief Petty Officer, Petty Officer, Warrant Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, Soldier, Sailor or Airman of the Armed Forces of the Union, whether in service, or retired and in receipt as such of a pension, or any person below the rank of Warrant Officer transferred to the Reserve and designated in this behalf by the Officer Commanding Unit ;</p> <p>(b) any person holding any rank in the Territorial Army who has been awarded the Territorial Army Decoration or the Territorial Army Medal ;</p> <p>(c) any person who was enrolled as a member of a corps of Volunteers under the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869 (XX of 1869) or who was a member of the late Indian Defence Force and who was awarded the Volunteer Officers' Decoration or the Long Service Medal and any person who held any rank in the late Auxiliary Force, India, and was awarded the Volunteer Officers' Decoration or the Long Service Medal or the Efficiency Decoration or the Efficiency Medal and any person who held any rank in the late Indian Territorial Force, who was awarded the Efficiency Decoration or the Efficiency Medal or any person who held any rank in the late Armed Forces maintained by Part B States ;</p> <p>(d) Officers and warrant Officers of the Assam Rifles, Malabar Special Police, Eastern Frontier Rifles, the Bihar Military Police Units, and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands Military Police whether in service or retired and in receipt as such of a pension, and</p> <p>(e) non-commissioned officers and men of the Assam Rifles, Malabar Special Police, Eastern Frontier Rifles, and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands Military Police nominated in this behalf by Commandants of Battalions to a number not exceeding five in each Company.</p>	<p>One sporting gun or rifle together with a reasonable quantity of ammunition for the same.</p>
<p>(2) Retired Police Officers who are permitted to wear on ceremonial occasions or when calling on Government officials the uniform of the rank which they held in the force at the time of retirement.</p>	<p>Revolvers which formed part of equipment as a police officer, together with a reasonable quantity of ammunition for the same.</p>
<p>(3) The heirs or successors of persons holding swords or other arms received by them as gifts from the Central Government or the Government of a Part A State or Part C States.</p>	<p>Such arms as were received as gifts, together with, where necessary, a reasonable quantity of ammunition for the same.</p>
<p>(4) Government servants whose possession of arms,—such possession not being exempt from the provisions of the Act under section 1 (b) thereof,—is declared by the Central Government to be in the public interest.</p>	<p>Such arms and ammunition as are specified in the declaration.</p>
<p>(5) All ex-soldiers who on the 6th November 1935 were settled in Ajmer.</p>	<p>Such arms and ammunition as may be considered reasonable by the District Magistrate, Ajmer.</p>

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

1

2

- (6) Persons who have received any of the following honours or awards, namely:—
- (i) The Param Vir Chakra.
  - (ii) Ashoka Chakra Class I.
  - (iii) The Maha Vir Chakra.
  - (iv) Ashoka Chakra Class II.
  - (v) The Vir Chakra.
  - (vi) Ashoka Chakra Class III.
  - (vii) The Victoria Cross.
  - (viii) The Distinguished Service Order.
  - (ix) The Distinguished Service Cross.
  - (x) The Distinguished Flying Cross.
  - (xi) Awards for meritorious service which are not lower than the Meritorious Service Medal.
  - (xii) The George Cross.
  - (xiii) The Military Cross.
  - (xiv) The Albert Medal.
  - (xv) The King's Police and Fire Services Medal.
  - (xvi) The George Medal.
  - (xvii) The Edward Medal.
  - (xviii) The Indian Distinguished Service Medal.
  - (xix) The Medal for saving life at sea.
  - (xx) The Indian Order of Merit (Civil and Military Division).
  - (xxi) The Indian Police Medal.
  - (xxii) The British Empire Medal.
  - (xxiii) The President's Police and Fire Services Medal.
  - (xxiv) The Police Medal.
- Such arms and ammunition as may be considered reasonable by the officer issuing the licence.
- (7) Such licences of Punjab as are issued arms licences and are supplied with arms and ammunition by Government under the Village Defence Scheme.
- Such arms and ammunition as are supplied by Government.
- (8) (a) Heads of Foreign and Commonwealth Missions and their staff with the exception of the non-diplomatic staff of the High Commissioner for Ceylon in India ; and
- Such arms and ammunition as may be owned officially and/or privately from the date of appointment in India.
- (b) Consular Officers and Consular Agents and their staff with the exception of the non-diplomatic staff of the High Commissioner for Ceylon in India ;

Provided that they are nationals of the Country represented.

SCHEDULE VIII

(See rule 2)

Form I

(See rules 5, 20 and 28)

FREE OF ALL FEE.

*Licence for the import, transport/possession of cannon, articles designed for torpedo service, war rockets or machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number of packages	Description with specification of calibre of cannon or other articles	Number of articles	COLUMNS TO BE FILLED IN CASE OF IMPORT OR TRANSPORT			Period for which the licence is valid	Use to which the articles are to be put
				Place of despatch and route	Place of destination	Name, description and residence of consignee		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
							From the — to the — 19 —	

The of 19 . { Date on which a copy is sent to the Commissioner of Police, .....  
District Magistrate of the ..... district



(Signature)

The of 19

Secretary to the Government of India,  
Ministry of Home Affairs.

Conditions

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.
2. In cases of import or transport—
  - (a) bulk shall not be broken before the articles reach the place of destination, and
  - (b) the articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

3. In cases of import or of transport, an account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon.

4. In cases of transport by rail, each package shall be marked with the word "cannon" or as the case may be, in such a manner as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

**Form II**

(See rules 8 and 9)

**FEE—**

- (a) where granted under rule 8(c)—FREE OF ALL FEE.
- (b) where granted under rule 9—ONE RUPEE.
- (c) in any other case—TEN RUPEES.

*Licence for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores into the port of .....*

Name, description and residence of licence and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	Arms		Ammunition or Military Stores		Purpose for which required	Value of the firearms per piece	Place where articles are to be deposited or to which they are to be despatched.	Period for which the licence is valid
		Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
									From the — to the — 19 —

(Signature)

Commissioner of Police.  
District Magistrate of the district.  
Board of Revenue in Madras.

Seal

The of 19

*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.
2. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon.

SCHEDULE VIII—contd.

3. The articles shall be either—

(a) deposited—

(i) in a warehouse appointed under section 15 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, or

(ii) subject to the general or special sanction of the Central Government under section 7 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, in a warehouse licensed under section 16 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, or

(b) forthwith despatched to their place of destination.

**Form III**

(See rule 10 )

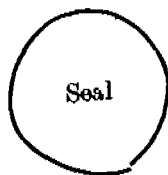
**FEE—**

(a) where granted under rule 10(1)—FIVE RUPEES.

(b) where granted under rule 10(2)—FREE OF ALL FEE.

*Licence for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores by land or river*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number of packages	ARMS		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place of despatch and route	Purpose for which required	Place of destination	Name, description and residence of consignee	Period for which the licence is valid
		Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
										From the 19 .



(Signature)

Commissioner of Police.

District Magistrate of the.....district.

Chief Secretary to the Govt. of the State of...

The of 19 .

The of 19 .

{ Date on which a copy is sent to the  
Chief Secretary to the Govt. of the State of  
.....[rule 10(3)].  
District Magistrate of district. . . [(rule 10(4)).  
Station Master at the. . . station [rule 10(5)].

# SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

## Conditions

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.
2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7 ; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.
3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon ; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

## Form IV

(See rules 13 and 14 )

### FEE—

- (a) where granted under rule 13—FIVE RUPEES.
- (b) where granted under rule 14(2) (a) to (c)—TEN RUPEES, or  
in the case referred to in rule 14(2)—ONE RUPEE.
- (c) where granted under rule 14(2) (d)—FREE OF ALL FEE.

*Licence for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores from.....to.....*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number of packages	ARMS		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place to which consignment is to be despatched	Period for which the licence is valid and amount of fee charged
		Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							From the..... to the.....

The of 19 .

Date on which the previous sanction of the Commissioner of Police.

District Magistrate of the....districts

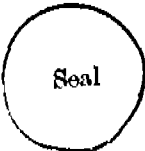
is obtained [rule 37(1) ].

(Signature)



# SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

The of 19 . { Date on which a copy is sent to the  
Commissioner of Police.  
District Magistrate of the .....district  
[rule 14(3)].



The of 19 . Commissioner of Police.  
District Magistrate of the .....district.

The of 19 . Secretary to the Government of India,  
Ministry of Defence.

## *Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. Where the consignment is to be despatched to an Indian port, the licence shall not be valid for export to any port other than that entered in column 7.

## **Form V**

(See rules 13 and 15)

**FEE—FIVE RUPEES.**

*Licence for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores from .....to.....*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number of packages	ARMS		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place of despatch and route	Purpose for which required	Place of destination	Name, description and residence of consignee	Period for which the licence is valid
		Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
										From the .....to the ..... 19 .

(Signature)

Secretary to the Government of India,  
Ministry of External Affairs.

Officer specially empowered under rule 15.

The of 19 .

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

The of 19

- Date on which a copy is sent to the  
 (1) Chief Secretary to the Govt. of . . . State  
 [rule 15 (2)].
- (2) Agent or Master of vessel at the port  
 [rule 15(3)].

*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7; and bulk shall not be broken or the consignment stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

**Form VI**

(See rule 16)

**FEE—FIVE RUPEES.—**

*Licence for the export by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores*  
*to..... in the..... State*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number of packages	ARMS		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place of despatch and route	Purpose for which required	Place of destination	Name, description and residence of consignee	Period for which the licence is valid
		Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
										From the ..... to the ..... 19 .

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

The	of	19 .	{	Date on which the previous sanction of the Chief Secretary to the Govt. of.....State Commissioner of Police..... District Magistrate of the.....district is obtained [rule 37(1)].
-----	----	------	---	--

The	of	19 .	{	Date on which a copy is sent to the Chief Secretary to the Govt of...State [rule 16(3)]. District Magistrate of the .....district [rule 16(4)]. Commissioner of Police.....[rule 16(5)(a)]. District Magistrate of the .....district [rule 16(5) (a)]. Station Master at the.....Rly. Station [rule 16(5) (b)].
-----	----	------	---	---

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

The	of	19 .	Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs. Officer specially empowered under rule 16 Secretary to the Government of.....
-----	----	------	--

-----  
*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7 ; and bulk shall not be broken nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon ; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

## Form VII

(See rule 21)

FEE—TEN RUPEES.

*Licence for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores.*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any) authorised for the purpose of this consignment	Licencee's place of business, if any	Number of packages	ARMS		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place of despatch, route and mode of transit	Place of destination	Name, description and residence of consignee	Period for which the licence is valid
			Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
										From the _____ to the _____ 19

The \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_

Date on which the previous sanction of the Commissioner of Police,

District Magistrate of the ..... district is obtained [rule 37(1)].

The \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_

Date on which a copy is sent to the Commissioner of Police [rule 21(2) (a)].

District Magistrate of the ..... district 21(2) (b)].

District Magistrate at ..... [rule 21(3)].

(Signature)

The \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_

Seal

Commissioner of Police.

District Magistrate of the ..... district.

*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

2 The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 8; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores" as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

4. The articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

## Form VIII

(See rules 23, 24 and 25)

FEE—TEN RUPEES.

*Licence for the import, transport and re-export of arms, ammunition or military stores  
export and re-import*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any) authorized for the purpose of this consignment	Licensee's place of business, if any	Number of packages	ARMS		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES		Place of despatch, route and mode of transit	Place of destination	Name, description and residence of consignee	Period for which the licence is valid
			Description	Number	Description	Weight in seers or number				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
										From the to the 19 .

The of 19 .

Date on which copy is sent to the

(a) Chief Secretary to the Government of the other State

licensing authority concerned rule [23(2) (a), 24(2) (a), 25 (2)].

(b) District Magistrate of ..... district [rule 23(3), 24(3), 25(2) (b)].

(c) Station Master at the Railway Station [rule 23(2) (a), 24 (2) (a), 25(2) (a)].

(Signature)

The of 19 .

Chief Secretary to the Government of . . . State  
Ambassador of India in Nepal.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.**Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.
2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 8; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.
3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.
4. The articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

**Form IX**

[See rule 26(1) (a)]

**FEE—**

(a) where granted under rule 26(1)(c)—TWENTY RUPEES; or

(b) in the case referred to in rule 11(9)—FREE OF ALL FEE.

*Licence to manufacture, convert, sell or keep for sale, arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles).*

Serial Number of licence	Name, description and residence of licensee, and of duly authorized agent or agent's, if any	Place of business factory or shop	Description and number of arms		Description and quantity of ammunition or Military Stores		Date on which the licence expires
			To be manufactured or converted	To be sold or kept for sale	To be manufactured	To be sold or kept for sale	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							The 31st December 19

(Signature)

The of 19 .

Seal

Commissioner of Police,  
District Magistrate of the.....district

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.**Form for renewal of the Licence*

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed licence expires	Signature of Commissioner of Police or District Magistrate.

*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales in such form as the Central Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Central Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the language of the district his name and the words 'Licensed to manufacture (or 'Licensed to deal in', as the case may be) arms, ammunition and military stores'.

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, either in English or in the language of the district.

5. He shall at the time of purchase of any arms, or ammunition, endorse upon the licence of every purchaser holding a licence in Form XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX, or XX—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall at the time of the sale of a weapon enter in his register the number and marks, if any, stamped on the weapon at the time of manufacture.

7. He shall give information of all sales of arms, ammunition and military stores to such person and in such manner as the Central Government may direct.

8. He shall not sell to any person, licensed to possess or carry arms, ammunition in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Central Government for such person and which is endorsed on such person's licence.

9. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

10. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to an Officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Armed Forces of the Union unless such person produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

11. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores, or unless he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Central Government, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government Arms" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition", and "Government military stores", mean, respectively, ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

12. Where the licence is granted in and for any local area in West Bengal or Assam, the licensee shall not sell arms or ammunition, without a special permit from a Magistrate, to any member of a hill-tribe to which the Central Government may from time to time by notification apply this condition.

13. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms ammunition or military stores covered by the licence.

14. Chlorates shall be kept in a building constructed of unflammable materials only and separated from any dwelling house, other building, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by a distance of not less than 10 feet.

Provided that where the total quantity stored does not exceed 200 lbs. chlorates may be kept exclusively in a closed and secured receptacle placed in a building used for the keeping of other articles not being of an explosive or highly inflammable nature.

15. Sulphur shall not be kept in the same room with saltpetre in the premises specified in column 3.

Provided that where the quantity of each does not exceed 200 lbs. sulphur and saltpetre can be kept in separate closed receptacles in the same room.

16. No person shall smoke and no open fires shall be allowed at any time in the premises specified in column 3, or in the vicinity of the receptacles mentioned in provisions to conditions 14 and 15.

17. Where any building used for storage of such materials is fitted with electric lighting or power, the licensee shall get these installations tested at least once a year or once during the currency of the licence, by an Electrical Inspector appointed under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, to ensure that there is no danger of fire or sparking.

18. Any accident, fire or explosion occurring within the premises specified in column 3 which is attended with loss of human life or serious injury to persons or property shall be reported at once by the licensee to the officer-in-charge of the nearest Police Station as well as to the Inspector of Explosives of the Circle concerned.



SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

## Form X]

[See rule 26(1)(b)]

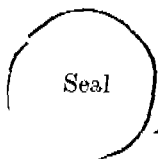
## FEE—TEN RUPEES.

*Licence to sell and keep for sale, arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles).*

Serial number of licence	Name, description and residence of licensee and of duly authorised agent or agents, if any.	Place of business or shop.	Description and number of arms	Description and quantity of ammunition or military stores.	Date on which the licence expires
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st December, 19

(Signature)

The of—19 .



Commissioner of Police,

District Magistrate of district.

Form for renewal of the Licence.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed licence expires	Signature of Commissioner of Police or District Magistrate

## Conditions.

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. The licensee shall maintain register of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Central Government may direct.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Central Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the language of the district his name and the words "Licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and Military stores."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of Section 2 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, in English or in the language of the district.

5. He shall at the time of purchase of any arms or ammunition endorse upon the licence of every purchaser holding a licence in Form XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX or XX :—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall at the time of the sale of a weapon enter in his register the number and marks, if any, stamped on the weapon at the time of manufacture.

7. He shall give information of all sales of arms, ammunition and military stores to such person and in such manner as the Central Government may direct.

8. He shall not sell to any person licensed to possess or carry arms, ammunition in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Central Government for such person and which is endorsed on such person's licence.

9. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

10. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to an officer, nor commissioned officer or soldier of the Armed Forces of the Union, unless such person produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

11. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores or unless he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Central Government, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean respectively, ammunition and military stores manufactured in an Government factory or prepared for and supplied to Government.

12. Where the licence is granted in and for any local area in West Bengal or Assam, the licensee shall not sell arms or ammunition, without a special permit from a Magistrate to any member of a hill-tribe to which the Central Government may from time to time by notification apply this condition.

13. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the licence.

14. Chlorates shall be kept in a building constructed of unflammable material only and separated from any dwelling house, other building, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by a distance of not less than 10 feet.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

Provided that where the total quantity stored does not exceed 20 lbs chlorates may be kept exclusively in a closed and secured receptacle placed in a building used for the keeping of other articles not being of an explosive or highly inflammable nature.

15. Sulphur shall not be kept in the same room with saltpetre in the premises specified in column 3.

Provided that where the quantity of each does not exceed 200 lbs. sulphur and saltpetre can be kept in separate closed receptacles in the same room.

16. No person shall smoke and no open fires shall be allowed at any time in the premises specified in column 3, or in the vicinity of the receptacles mentioned in provisos to conditions 14 and 15.

17. Where any building used for storage of such materials is fitted with electric lighting or power, the licensee shall get these installations tested at least once a year or once during the currency of the licence, by an Electrical Inspector appointed under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, to ensure that there is no danger of fire or sparking.

18. Any accident, fire or explosion occurring within the premises specified in column 3 which is attended with loss of human life or serious injury to person or property shall be reported at once by the licensee to the officer-in-charge of the nearest Police Station as well as to the Inspector of Explosives of the Circle concerned.

## Form XI

[See rule 26(2) (a)]

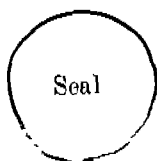
FEE—

(a) where the licensee holds a licence in form IX FREE OF ALL CHARGE;

(b) in all other cases,—TWENTY RUPEES.

*Licence to manufacture, convert, sell or keep for sale breech-loading rifles, parts of breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles.*

Serial Number of licence	Name, description and residence of licensee, and of duly authorized agent or agents, if any.	Place of business factory or shop.	Description and number of arms.		Description and quantity of ammunition or Military Stores.		Date on which the licence expires.
			To be manufactured or converted.	To be sold or kept for sale.	To be manufactured.	To be sold or kept for sale.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							The 31st December 19



(Signature)

The of 19 .

Secretary to the



SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*Form XI—*contd.*

10. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and
- (b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean, respectively, ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to Government.

11. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to an officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of Armed Forces of the Union, unless such person produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

12. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the licence.

## Form XII

[See rule 26(2) (b)]

## FEE

(a) where the licensee already holds a licence in Form X, FREE OF ALL CHARGE;

(b) in all other cases, TEN RUPEES.

*Licence to sell and keep for sale breech-loading rifles, parts of breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles*

Serial number of licence	Name, description and residence of licensee, and of duly authorised agent or agents, if any	Place of business or shop	Description and number of arms	Description and quantity of ammunition or military stores	Date on which the licence expires
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st December 19

(Signature)

The of 19

Secretary to the

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.**Form for renewal of the Licence*

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed licence expires	Signature of renewing authority

*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock and of all sales, in such form as the Central Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Central Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the language of the district his name and the words "Licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, parts of breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles".

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, in English or in the language of the district

5. He shall at the time of purchase of any arms or ammunition endorse upon the licence of every purchaser holding a licence in Form XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX or XX—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall at the time of the sale of a weapon enter in his register the number and marks, if any, stamped on the weapon at the time of manufacture.

7. He shall give information of all sales of arms, ammunition and military stores to such person and in such manner as the Central Government may direct.

8. He shall not sell to any person, licensed to possess or carry arms, rifle ammunition in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Central Government or such person and which is endorsed on such person's licence.

9. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

10. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

**SCHEDULE VIII—contd.**

- (b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean, respectively, ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to Government.

11. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to an officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Armed Forces of the Union, unless such person produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

12. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the licence.

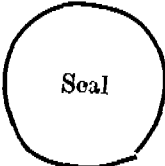
**Form XIII**

(See rule 27)

**FREE OF ALL FEE**

*Licence for the possession by holders of licences in Form IX, X, XI or XII, of firearms and ammunition deposited by their owners for safe keeping.*

Name, description and residence of licensee and of duly authorised agent or agents, if any	Description of fire-arms	Place (with description, where articles are to be kept)	*Period for which the licence is valid
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

The	of	19		(Signature)
				Commissioner of Police
				<u>District Magistrate of the District.</u>
				Sub-Divisional Magistrate, District.

**NOTE.**—A licence in this form will be granted for a period ending on the day on which the licensee's licence in Form IX, X, XI or XII as the case may be, is due to expire.

*Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only firearms and ammunition of the description given in column 2 so long as they are kept in the place described in column 3, but does not authorise the licensee—

- (i) to go armed, or
- (ii) to keep Government arms or ammunition.

**Explanation.**—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of Government; and

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

3. The licensee shall maintain a register of all arms and ammunition in his possession under this licence in such form as the Central Government may direct.

4. He shall exhibit such arms and ammunition and his register on the demand, of any Magistrate or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector or if the Central Government so direct, of Sub-Inspector.

5. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the licence.

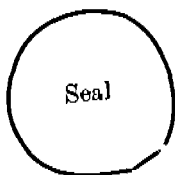
**Form XIV**

(See rule 29)

**FREE OF ALL FEE**

*Licence for the possession of arms (other than pistols or revolvers), ammunition on military stores*

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any)	Number and description of arms	Ammunition or Military Stores		Place (with description where articles are to be kept)	Period which license is valid.	for the
		Description	Quantity			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	



(Signature)

Commissioner of Police

District Magistrate of the

Sub-Divisional Magistrate

District.

District.

The of 19

**Conditions**

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only the arms, ammunition and stores specified in columns 2, 3 and 4, so long as they are kept in the place described in column 5, but does not authorise the licensee—

(i) to go armed, or

(ii) to keep Government arms or ammunition.



SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of Government; and
- (b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

Condition 2(ii) may be cancelled by the authority granting the licence if empowered to do so by the Central Government, and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is authorised to possess.

4. The licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms and ammunition covered by the licence.

5. The authority granting or renewing the licence has the right to inquire any time during the currency of the licence, whether the weapon for which it has been granted is still in the possession of the licensee, and may require the production of the weapon for the purpose of such an inquiry.

6. Where a licence in this form is granted for the possession of Potassium Chlorate by an educational institution, the following further conditions shall apply:—

(a) The quantity of Chlorate stored should be the minimum required for laboratory purposes as certified by the Head of the Institution to the licencing authority.

(b) The stock of chlorate possessed should be kept in a well-made cupboard or almirah under lock and key under the control and supervision of a responsible member of the staff and the place where the chemicals are kept should be adequately secured.

(c) Accounts of issues and balances of Chlorate possessed should be kept and checked with the actual stock at frequent intervals by a responsible member of the staff. The account book should be available for inspection on demand by any Magistrate or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector.

NOTE.1—A licence in this Form may be granted for any period not exceeding three years.

NOTE.2—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act) they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

---

### Form XV

(See rule 30)

#### FEE—

- (a) for each breech-loading pistol or revolver—TEN RUPEES;
- (b) for any other breech-loading weapon—FIVE RUPEES;
- (c) for other weapons—EIGHT ANNAS in disarmed districts, and FOUR ANNAS elsewhere, for each weapon.

The abovementioned fees are for licences granted for periods of one year or less. A licence in this Form may be granted for any period exceeding one year and not exceeding three years, in which case a compounded fee shall be levied.

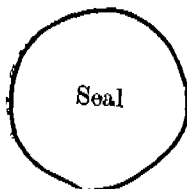
## SCHEDULE VIII—contd.

*Licence for the possession and use, for the purpose of target practice, of firearms and ammunition*

Serial number of Licence	Name, description and location of mess, club or association.	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess.		Place within which the licence is valid.	Date on which the licence expires unless previously ceasing to be in force under the proviso* to sub-rule (1) of rule 40.	Date on which the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for inspection before the licensing authority under sub- rule (1) of rule 40.
		Description	Quantity.			
			Maximum to be possessed at any one time	Maximum purchase- able during the year.		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

(Signature)



Commissioner of Police,.....  
District Magistrate of the.....district-  
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,.....district.

The of 19 .

\*Provided that where a licence is granted in Form XV, XVI, XVII or XIX, for the possession of arms to be acquired by the licensee subsequent to the grant of the licence, the authority granting the licence shall at the time of granting the same direct that within a period specified by him in this behalf, which he may from time to time extend, the arms covered by the licence shall be acquired and that the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for his inspection, and if within the period so specified or extended the licensee fails to acquire the arms and to produce the licence or the arms or both, as the case may be, the licence shall cease to be in force.

*Conditions.*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only the mess, club or association named and the arms and ammunition described therein.

3. The mess, club or association, at the time of purchasing any arms or ammunition shall cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon its licence under the vendor's signature, namely:—

- (a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased on behalf of the mess, club or association;
- (b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased; and
- (c) the date of purchase;

and if the arms or ammunition are purchased from any person other than a licensed dealer, shall also cause the particulars specified in clauses (b) and (c) to be furnished in writing to the authority who granted this licence within such period

# SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

as may be prescribed by that authority for this purpose. No purchase of ammunition shall, however, be permitted except on a written certificate from the licensee certifying that with the amount proposed to be purchased the total quantity of ammunition in his possession will not exceed the maximum which he is entitled to possess at any one time, or his total allowance for the year.

4. The mess, club or association shall not purchase ammunition in excess of the maximum which may, from time to time, be fixed by the Central Government or in the State of Madras, by the Board of Revenue. Such maximum may be prescribed both for the amount purchasable in a calendar year and for the amount that may be possessed at any one time.

5. The mess, club or association shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the licence.

6. The licence does not authorize any member of the mess, club or association to keep Government arms or ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in a Government factory or prepared for and supplied to Government.

7. The Central Government or in the State of Madras, the Board of Revenue, may require any firearm or ammunition possessed by the mess, club or association to be registered in such manner as the Central Government or in the State of Madras, the Board of Revenue thinks fit.

8. The authority granting or renewing the licence has the right to inquire at any time during the currency of the licence whether the weapons for which it has been granted are still in the possession of the mess, club or association and to require the production of such weapons for the purposes of such inquiry.

**NOTE.**—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licence possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act) they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

## **Form XVI**

(See rule 31)

### **FEE—**

I. The fees payable in respect of the initial grant and each subsequent renewal of licences in this Form shall be at the following annual rates:—

Nature of weapon	For initial grant.		For each renewal.	
	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
1. Breech loading pistol or revolver	10	0	5	0
2. Any other breech loading weapon	5	0	2	8
3. Any weapon other than a breech loading weapon—				
(i) in disarmed district	0	8	0	8
(ii) elsewhere	0	4	0	4

II. No fees shall be charged in respect of licences granted for ammunition of the kind referred to in clause (ii) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 31.

## SCHEDULE VIII—contd.

III. The reduced fees for renewal will ordinarily be available only if application for renewal is made within one month after the date of expiry of the licence; and if application is not made within that period, the licensing authority may, in his discretion, levy fees at the rate for the initial grant of the licence.

IV. A licence in this form may be granted or renewed for any period not exceeding three years, and the fee shall in all cases be calculated at the annual rates prescribed in paragraph I, fractions of a year being taken as one whole year.

*Licence for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the purposes of*

*protection.*

*display.*

Serial No. of licence.	Name, description and residence of licensee and agent, if any.	Arms and ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess.		Name, father's name and address of retainer (if any) covered by the licence.	Arms or ammunition that retainer is entitled to possess.		Area within which the licence is valid.	Date on which licence expires, unless previously ceasing to be in force under the proviso* to sub-rule (1) of rule 40.	Date on which the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for inspection before the licensing authority under the proviso* to sub-rule (1) of rule 40.
		Brief description of each weapon with details e.g. distinguishing marks, register number, etc.	Quantity and description of each kind of ammunition		Arms	Ammunition.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

The of 19

(Signature)

Commissioner of Police,.....

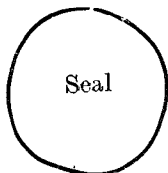
Deputy Commissioner of Police,.....

District Magistrate of the..... District.

Sub-Divisional Magistrate of the..... District.

Ambassador of India in Nepal,.....

Chief Secretary to the Government of..... State.



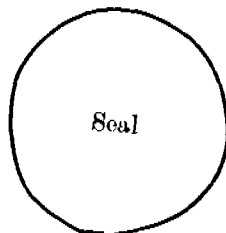
\*Provided that where a licence is granted in Form XV, XVI, XVIII or XIX for the possession of arms to be acquired by the licensee subsequent to the grant of the licence, the authority granting the licence shall at the time of granting the same, direct that within a period specified by him in this behalf which he may from time to time extend, the arms covered by the licence shall be acquired and that the licensee or the arms or both shall be produced for his inspection, and if within the period so specified or extended the licensee fails to acquire the arms and to produce the licence or the arms or both, as the case may be, the licence shall cease to be in force.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.**Form of renewal of licence.*

Date and year

Date on which renewed licence expires

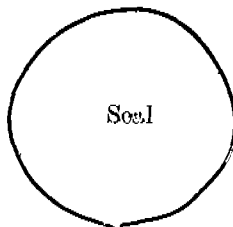
Signature



Commissioner of Police  
 Deputy Commissioner of Police  
 District Magistrate,  
 ----- District,

Sub-Divisional Magistrate,  
 ----- Sub-division,  
 ----- District.

Ambassador of India in Nepal  
 Chief Secretary to the Government of—  
 ----- State.



Commissioner of Police  
 Deputy Commissioner of Police  
 District Magistrate,  
 ----- District.

Sub-Divisional Magistrate  
 ----- Sub-Division,  
 ----- District.

Ambassador of India in Nepal,  
 Chief Secretary to the Government of  
 ----- State.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.**Conditions.*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only the persons named, and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 5.

3. This licence is valid to the extent specified in column 8, subject in the case of a licence having effect outside the State in which it is granted or renewed to any restrictions which may be imposed by any general or special order of the Central Government.

4. The licensee or any retainer acting under this licence shall not go armed with any arms covered thereby otherwise than in good faith for the purpose of sport protection; and, save where he is specially authorised in this behalf in any Presidency-town, by the Commissioner of Police, or, in any other place, by the District Magistrate or a Sub-Divisional Magistrate, he shall not take any such arms to a fair, religious procession or other public assemblage.

5. The licensee, at the time of purchasing any arms or ammunition shall cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon his licence under the vendor's signature, namely,—

- (a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;
- (b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased; and
- (c) the date of purchase;

and if the arms or ammunition are purchased from any person other than a licensed dealer, shall also cause the particulars specified in clauses (b) and (c) to be furnished in writing to the authority who granted this licence within such period as may be prescribed for this purpose by such authority. No purchase of ammunition shall however, be permitted except on a written certificate from the licensee certifying that with the amount proposed to be purchased, the total quantity of ammunition in his possession will not exceed the maximum which he is entitled to possess at any one time, or his total allowance for the year.

6. He shall not purchase ammunition of any kind in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the Central Government. Such maximum may be prescribed both for the amount purchasable in a calendar year and for the amount that may be possessed at any one time. If, however, a licensee exhausts the total quantity of ammunition purchasable in a year, earlier than the close of the year, he may for good and sufficient reasons be given a temporary increase in the total quantity purchasable at the discretion of the licensing authority.

7. He shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the license.

8. He shall not possess Government arms and ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and
- (b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government,

---

**SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.***

---

9. Condition 8 may be cancelled by the authority granting the licence if empowered to do so by the Central Government, and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is authorised to possess.

10. Where the licence is granted for the purpose of sport, the licensee or any retainer acting under the licence shall observe such close season as may be prescribed by the State Government concerned in respect of the game-birds and animals hereinafter set forth below.

11. The licensee shall report any change of his permanent residence either to the authority who granted him the licence, or, in the event of the licence having been renewed by some other authority on a previous occasion of change of permanent residence, then to such authority. In case of any change of residence whether permanent or temporary, he may, at his option, apply to the nearest licensing authority for renewal of this licence, should it be necessary.

12. The authority granting or renewing the licence has the right to inquire at any time during the currency of the licence whether the weapon or weapons for which it has been granted is or are still in the possession of the licensee and to require its or their production for the purposes of such inquiry.

NOTE 1.—Any breach of the conditions of this licence is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both. (Section 21 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.)

NOTE 2.—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act) they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

## Form XVIA

(See rule 31)

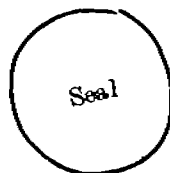
FREE OF ALL FEE.

*Licence for the possession by a retainer of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the purpose of sport protection display.*

Serial No. of licence. under Schedule I, nominating licensee.	Name, description and residence of person exempted licensee.	Name and residence of licensee	Name and residence of father of licensee	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess.		Extent of validity of licence i.e., throughout India, State or District	Date on which licence expires
				Brief description of each weapon with details, e.g., distinguishing marks, register No. etc.	Quantity and description of each kind of ammunition.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Or the date on which the person specified in column 2 ceases to be exempted under Schedule I, whichever is earlier.

(Signature)

Commissioner of Police, \_\_\_\_\_  
 Deputy Commissioner of Police, \_\_\_\_\_  
 District Magistrate of the \_\_\_\_\_ District  
 Sub-Divisional Magistrate, \_\_\_\_\_ District  
 Chief Secretary to the Govt. of \_\_\_\_\_ State



The \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_



## SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

### *Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only the person named in column 3 of this licence and the arm and ammunition described in columns 5 and 6.

3. This licence is valid to the extent specified in column 7, subject in the case of a licence having effect outside the State in which it is granted or renewed, to any restrictions which may be imposed by any general or special order of the Central Government.

4. This licence shall only be granted to a person nominated in that behalf and certified to be his own retainer by a person exempted under Schedule I to these rules, and it shall only be granted in respect of the arms and ammunition specified in this behalf by and being the property of such exempted person.

5. This licence may be granted or renewed for any period not exceeding one year, provided that it shall expire on the date on which the person specified in column 2 of this licence ceases to be exempted under Schedule I to these rules, where such date is prior to the date on which it would ordinarily expire.

6. The licensee shall not go armed with any arms covered by this licence otherwise than in good faith for the purpose of sport protection ; and save where he is display specially authorised in this behalf, in any Presidency-town, by the Commissioner of Police, or, in any other place, by the District Magistrate or a Sub-Divisional Magistrate, he shall not take any such arms to a fair, religious procession or other public assemblage.

7. He shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the licence.

8. He shall not possess Government arms and ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of Government, and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

9. Condition 8 may be cancelled by the authority granting the licence if empowered to do so by the Central Government, and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is authorised to possess.

10. Where the licence is granted for the purpose of sport, the licensee shall observe such close season as may be prescribed by the State Government concerned in respect of the game birds and animals hereinafter set forth below.

11. The licensee shall report any change of his permanent residence either to the authority who granted him the licence, or, in the event of the licence having been renewed by some other authority on a previous occasion of change of permanent residence, then to such authority. In case of any change of residence, whether permanent or temporary, he may at his option, apply to the nearest licensing authority for renewal of this licence, should it be necessary.

SCHEDULE VIII--*contd.*

12. The authority granting or renewing the licence has the right to inquire at any time during the currency of the licence, whether the weapon or weapons of which it has been granted is or are still in the possession of the licensee, and to require its or their production for the purposes of such inquiry.

**NOTE 1.**—Any breach of the conditions of this licence is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both. (Section 21 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.)

**NOTE 2.**—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act), they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in-charge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

**Form XVII**

(See rule 32)

**FEE FOR EACH WEAPON—ONE RUPEE.**

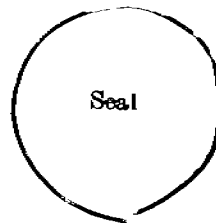
*Temporary licence for the possession of arms and going armed during the period occupied in journeying from the port or other place of arrival in a Part A State or a Part C State to place of destination*

Name and description of licensee	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess		Place of destination	Period for which the licence is valid
	Brief description of each weapon	Quantity and description of each kind of ammunition		
1	2	3	4	5

Date on which copy is sent to the

The of 19 .

The of 19 .



Commissioner of police,  
District Magistrate of the      District.  
 Chief Secretary to the Govt. of      State.

(Signature)

Commissioner of Police,  
District Magistrate,      District.

SCHEDULE VIII—*Contd.**Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only the persons named, and the arms and ammunition, described therein.

3. The licensee shall not, unless specially empowered in this behalf by the authority granting the licence, go armed to a fair, religious procession or other public assemblage.

4. The licensee shall not go armed with Government arms or ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government ; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

5. Condition 4 may be cancelled by the authority granting the licence if empowered to do so by the Central Government and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is authorised to possess.

6. The licensee shall, on arrival at his destination, if such place is situated in a Part A State or a Part C State forthwith apply to the nearest licensing authority for a licence in Form XIV or Form XVI in respect of the arms and ammunition described herein and shall at the same time deliver this licence in original to that authority.

**NOTE 1.**—Any breach of the conditions of this licence is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both. (Section 21 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.)

**NOTE 2.**—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act) they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in-charge of the nearest police station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.***FORM XVIII**

(See rule 33)

**FREE OF ALL FEE***Licence for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings or cattle*

Name, description and residence of licensee	Arms and ammunition		Quantity and description of each kind of ammunition	Place or area for which the licence is granted	Specification of the wild beasts which may be destroyed under this licence	*Period for which the licence is valid unless previously ceasing to be in force under the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 40	Title and residence of Magistrate to whom the licence and weapon must be shown between the 15th November and the 31st December	Date on which the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for inspection before the licensing authority under sub-rule (1) of rule 40
	Brief description of each weapon with details, e.g., registered No. and other distinguishing marks]	Maximum to be possessed at any one time						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

The      of      19      .

Seal

(Signature)

District Magistrate of the      District.

---

Sub-Divisional Magistrate,      District.

\* NOTE.—A licence in this Form may be granted for any period not exceeding three years.

† Provided that where a licence is granted in Form XV, XVI, XVIII or XIX for the possession of arms to be acquired by the licensee subsequent to the grant of the licence, the authority granting the licence shall at the time of granting the same direct that within a period specified by him in this behalf, which he may from time to time extend, the arms covered by the licence shall be acquired and that the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for his inspection, and if within the period so specified or extended the licensee fails to acquire the arms and to produce the licence or the arms or both as the case may be, the licence shall cease to be in force.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.**Conditions*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. Once every year, between the 15th November and the 31st December, the licensee shall produce this licence and every weapon covered thereby before the Magistrate referred to in column 7.

3. He shall not go armed with any arms covered by this licence otherwise than in good faith for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings or cattle, nor shall he take any such arms to a fair, religious procession or other public assemblage, or to any considerable distance beyond the place or area entered in column 4.

4. He shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the licence.

5. He shall not keep Government arms or ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

6. Condition 5 may be cancelled by the authority granting the licence if empowered to do so by the Central Government and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is entitled to possess.

7. He shall not purchase ammunition of any kind in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the Central Government. Such maximum may be prescribed both for the amount purchasable in a calendar year and for the amount that may be possessed at any one time.

8. At the time of purchasing any arms or ammunition he shall cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon his licence under the vendor's signature, namely :—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased; and

(c) the date of purchase;

and if the arms are purchased from any person other than a licensed dealer, shall also cause the particulars specified in clauses (b) and (c) to be furnished, in writing, to the authority who granted this licence within such period as may be prescribed for this purpose by such authority. No purchase of ammunition shall, however, be permitted except on a written certificate from the licensee certifying that with the amount proposed to be purchased the total quantity of ammunition in his possession will not exceed the maximum which he is entitled to possess at any one time, or his total allowance for the year.

9. Without prejudice to the voidance of this licence for breach of any of the foregoing conditions, it shall be void —

(a) the licensee dies, or

---

**SCHEDULE VIII—contd.**

---

(b) any weapon covered thereby—

(i) is sold, or

(ii) is attached in execution of a decree.

10. The authority granting or renewing the licence has the right to inquire at any time during the currency of the licence whether any weapon for which it has been granted is still in the possession of the licensee and to require the production of the weapon for the purposes of such inquiry.

---

NOTE 1. Any breach of the conditions of this licence is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both. (Section 21 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.)

NOTE 2.—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act) they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in-charge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

## SCHEDULE VIII—contd.

## Form XIX

(See rule 34)

## FREE OF ALL FEE.

*Licence for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the destruction of wild animals doing injury to crops or cattle*

Name, description and residence of licensee	Name and description of any member of the licensee's family, or servant employed to watch crops or cattle, residing with him, by whom the arms covered by this licence may also be used	Arms and ammunition		Place or area within which the licence is valid	*Period for which the licence is valid unless previously ceasing to be in force under the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 40	Date on which the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for inspection before the licensing authority under sub-rule (1) of rule 40.
		Brief description of each weapon with details, e.g., Registered No. and other distinguishing marks	Quantity and description of each kind of ammunition			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

The of 19 .

District Magistrate of the District.

Sub-Divisional Magistrate, District.

\*NOTE.—A licence in this Form may be granted for any period not exceeding three years.

† Provided that where a licence is granted in Form XV, XVI, XVIII or XIX for the possession of arms to be acquired by the licensee subsequent to the grant of the licence, the authority granting the licence shall at the time of granting the same direct that within a period specified by him in this behalf, which he may from time to time extend, the arms covered by the licence shall be acquired and that the licence or the arms or both shall be produced for his inspection, and if within the period so specified or extended the licensee fails to acquire the arms and to produce the licence or the arms or both, as the case may be, the licence shall cease to be in force.



*Conditions.*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.
2. The licensee shall not go armed with any arms covered by this licence otherwise than in good faith for the destruction or driving away of wild animals which do injury to the crops or cattle situated in the area specified in the licence.
3. He shall not use any arms covered by this licence otherwise than in the place or area in which the licence is valid.
4. He shall not lend any arms or ammunition covered by this licence to any person, other than a member of his family or servant who may be employed by him to protect the crops or cattle situated in the area specified in the licence and who is mentioned in column 2 of the licence.
5. He shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the licence.
6. The licensee shall not keep Government arms or ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and
  - (b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or repaired for and supplied to Government.
7. Condition 6 may be cancelled by the authority granting the licence if empowered to do so by the Central Government, and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is entitled to possess.
8. He shall not purchase ammunition of any kind in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the Central Government; such maximum may be prescribed both for the amount purchasable in a calendar year and for the amount that may be possessed at any one time. No purchase of ammunition shall, however, be permitted except on a written certificate from the licensee certifying that with the amount proposed to be purchased the total quantity of ammunition in his possession will not exceed the maximum which he is entitled to possess at any one time, or his total allowance for the year.
9. This licence shall be void if the licensee commits a breach of any of the above conditions if the licensee dies or if any weapon covered thereby—
- (i) is sold,
  - (ii) is attached in execution of a decree.

10. The authority granting or renewing the licence has the right to inquire at any time during the currency of the licence whether any weapon for which it has been granted is still in the possession of the licensee, and to require production of the weapon for the purposes of such inquiry.

NOTE 1.—Any breach of the conditions of this licence is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both. (Section 21 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.)

NOTE 2.—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act), they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

SCHEDULE VIII—*contd.*

**Form XX**  
(See rule 35)

**FEES**—(i) *when granted under rule 35(1) (a) and (b), Four annas for each weapon.*

(ii) *when granted under rule 35(1) (c) and (d), Free of all fee.*

**Exception.**—A fee of TEN RUPEES is charged for a licence in this Form in respect of a pistol or a revolver in all Part A States and Part C States.

*Licence for going armed on a journey in or through any Part A State or Part C State.*

Name, description and resi- dence of licensee and agent (if any)	Arms or Ammunition that licensee is entitled to carry		Retainers (if any) covered by the licence				Place of departure route and place of destina- tion	Period which the journey is likely to occupy	Period for which the licence is valid		
	Brief description of each weapon with details, e.g., regis- tered No. and other distinguishing mark	Quantity and des- cription of each kind of ammunition	Name of retainer	Name of retainer's father	Address of retainer	Arms or Ammunition that retainer is entitled to carry					
						Descrip- tion	Quan- tity				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
									From the to the 19 .		

(Signature)

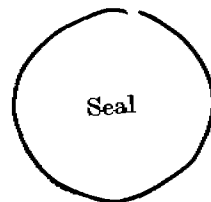
Commissioner of Police.

District Magistrate of the District.

Sub-Divisional Magistrate, District.

Chief Secretary to the Government of State

Ambassador of India in Nepal.



*Conditions.*

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1951.

2. It covers only the persons named, and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. The licensee or any retainer acting under this licence shall not, unless specially empowered in this behalf by the authority granting the licence, go armed to a fair, religious procession or other public assemblage.

4. He shall not go armed with Government arms or ammunition.

*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

5. He shall forthwith give information at the nearest police-station of the loss or theft of any arms or ammunition covered by the licence.

NOTE 1.—Any breach of the conditions of this licence is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both. (Section 21 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878).

NOTE 2.—Licensees are warned that in case they sell any arms or ammunition covered by the licences possessed by them to any person (other than a person exempted under section 27 of the Act) they are required to give notice forthwith of the sale together with particulars as to the name and address of the purchaser to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer incharge of the nearest police-station. Failure to give notice as required above is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

[No. F-15/33/17-Police-(I)]

**S.R.O. 1233.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878) the Central Government hereby directs that a census shall be taken of all firearms in the State of Saurashtra by whomsoever held and hereby empowers the Deputy Superintendents of Police in that State to take such census in the areas in their respective charges.

[No. 9/37/51-Police-I.]

U K. GHOSHAL, Dy. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS***New Delhi, the 13th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1134.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922 (Act VII of 1922), the Central Government hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Emigration Rules, 1923, the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of the said section.

To sub-rule (3) of the rule 63 of the said Rules, the following proviso shall be added namely :—

“Provided that any such application for renewal of a licence may be entertained during the said period of two months on payment of twice the fee leviable under this rule”.

[No. F. 22-1/46 M(E)].

S. N. HAKSAR,

Controller General of Emigration and Jt. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF FINANCE***New Delhi, the 6th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1135.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the Fundamental Rules, namely :—

In clause (a) of Fundamental Rule 56, the following proviso shall be inserted namely :—

“ Provided that a workman who is governed by those rules shall ordinarily be retained in service upto the age of 60 years. He may, however, be required to retire at any time after attaining the age of 55 years after being given a month's notice, or a month's pay in lieu thereof, on the ground of impaired health or of being negligent or inefficient in the discharge of his duties. He also may retire at any time after attaining the age of 55 years, by giving one month's notice in writing.

“ For this purpose, a ‘workman’ means a highly skilled, skilled or semi-skilled and unskilled artisan employed on a monthly rate of pay in industrial and work-charged establishments ”.

[No. F. 7(37)-E.V/49.]

**S. R. O. 1136.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the Central (Class IV) Services (Gratuity, Pension and Retirement) Rules, 1936, namely :—

In rule 9 of the said Rules, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely :—

“Provided that a workman who is governed by these Rules may be required to retire at any time after attaining the age of 55 years after being given a month's notice, or a month's pay in lieu thereof on the ground of impaired health, or of being negligent or inefficient in the discharge of his duties. He also may retire at any time after attaining the age of 55 years, by giving one month's notice in writing.

“ For this purpose, a ‘workman’ means a highly skilled, skilled or semi-skilled and unskilled artisan employed on a monthly rate of pay in industrial and work-charged establishments ”.

[No. F. 7 (37)-E.V/49.]

V. S. KRISHNASWAMI, Dy. Secy

---

(Department of Economic Affairs)

*New Delhi, the 8th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1237**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 53 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949 (X of 1949), the Central Government, on the recommendation of the Reserve Bank of India, hereby declares that the provisions of section 24 of the said Act, in so far as they relate to its liability outstanding on the 27th February 1950, shall not apply to the Mahaluxmi Bank Ltd., Calcutta.

[No D. 4724-F. I/51.]

S. K. SEN, Dy. Secy.

---

INSURANCE

*New Delhi, the 8th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1238**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the first proviso to section 2C of the Insurance Act, 1938 (IV of 1938) the Central Government hereby exempts the insurer Messrs. Shah Narotamdas Harjivandas Co. from the operation of the said section upto the 31st December, 1951, for the purpose of carrying on general insurance business within the States in relation to Country Craft.

[No. Ins A-58(2)/50]

B. K. KAUL, Dy. Secy.

---

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)

CENTRAL EXCISES

*New Delhi, the 18th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1239**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In Appendix I to the said Rules, in paragraph 2 of forms B-4(SUR) and B-4(SEC.) in Central Excise Series Nos. 24 and 25 respectively, after the word "appointed" the following stroke and word shall be inserted, namely:—

" /licensed "

[No. 27.]

D. P. ANAND, Dy. Secy.

---

CENTRAL EXCISES

*New Delhi, the 18th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1240**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government hereby exempts Surgical Absorbent Lint packed in packets of 1 lb. or less, from the whole of the duty leviable thereon under the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944).

[No. 26.]

W. SALDANHA, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

*New Delhi, the 7th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1241.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (a) of Clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(1)-1 (530)D, dated the 26th May 1948, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said Notification, for the entry “The Deputy Director of Consumer Goods, Government of Assam, Shillong.”, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

“Director of Consumer Goods, Government of Assam, Shillong.

All Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Divisional Officers in the State of Assam in their respective jurisdictions.”

[No. SC(A)-4 (103).]

**S. R. O. 1242.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of Clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(1)-4(78)B, dated the 6th January 1951, namely:—

To the Schedule annexed to the said Notification, the following entry shall be added, namely:—

“All Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Divisional Officers in the State of Assam in their respective jurisdictions.”

[No. SC(A)-4(103)A.]

*New Delhi, the 9th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1243.**—*Corrigendum*—In the ‘Schedule of Base Prices’ in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.R.O. 1006, dated the 30th June, 1951, published in Part II, Section 3 of the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, dated the 30th June, 1951.

(i) Against item No. 9 in sub-column ‘Tested’ under Column III, for ‘327’ read ‘437’;

(ii) Against item No. 16, for ‘Bullet proof Plates Specn. It 70C’ read ‘Bullet Proof Plates Specn. IT 70C’;

(iii) Against item No. 34, for ‘Telegraph wire 2 to S.W.G.’ read ‘Telegraph wire 2 to 3 S.W.G.’;

(iv) Against item No. 35, for ‘Barbed wire to 3 S.W.G.’ read ‘Barbed wire 2 to 3 S.W.G.’;

(v) Against item No. 38, for ‘Basis  $1\frac{1}{2} \times 14$  S.W.G.’ read ‘Basis  $1\frac{1}{2} + 14$  S.W.G.’.

[No. SC(A)-2(71)/51.]

N. R. REDDY, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 9th August 1951*

**S. R. O. 1241.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government

hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the Cotton Textiles (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1951, namely :—

In the said Order, after clause 7, the following clause shall be inserted, namely,—

“8. The Textile Commissioner may, by general or special Order in writing authorise any officer to exercise, on his behalf, all or any of his functions and powers under this Order.”

[No. 17-CT(A)/51.]

*New Delhi, the 13th August, 1951*

**S.R.O. 1245**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause (c) of Section 13 of the Supply and Prices of Goods Act, 1950 (LXX of 1950) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.R.O. 170, dated 1st February 1951, the Central Government hereby directs that no raw rubber other than sole crepe rubber and latex shall be transported from the State of Travancore Cochin and the district of Malabar in the State of Madras by rail, road, air or water to any destination outside the said State or as the case may be, the said district, except under a permit issued by the Rubber Controller, Kottayam (South India).

Provided that nothing in this notification shall apply to the movement of raw rubber other than sole crepe rubber and latex between the State of Travancore-Cochin and the district of Malabar in the State of Madras.

[No. 16(3)-PC/51].

S. K. DATTA, Dy. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

### AGRICULTURE

*New Delhi, the 2nd August, 1951.*

**S.R.O. 1246**—Under Section 4(iv) of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923 (XIV of 1923) the East India Cotton Association Ltd., Bombay have nominated Shri Madanmohan R. Ruiya of Messrs Ramaswamin Sons Ltd., Imperial Bank Annexo, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, to be a Member of the Indian Central Cotton Committee with effect from the 1st April, 1951.

2. Under Section 4(ii) of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923 (XIV of 1923), the Central Government are pleased to nominate Shri B. S. Sawhney, Director of Agriculture, Punjab to be a member of the Indian Central Cotton Committee to represent the Agriculture Department of Punjab with effect from the 1st April, 1951.

[No. F. 1-6/51-CJ.]

J. V. A. NEHEMIAH, Dy. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 13th August, 1951*

**S.R.O. 1247**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Government of India in the late Ministry of Agriculture Notification No. S.R.O. 65, dated the 15th January, 1951 namely :—

After the words “when sold in 5 lb. packing” the following shall be added :

“And that cube sugar shall not be packed and/or sold in packs other than 1 lb. and 5 lb. packs, except with the prior approval of the Central Government.”

[No. SV-101(1)/50-51].

P. A. GOPALAKRISHNAN, Joint Secy.

# MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

## ARCHAEOLOGY

New Delhi, the 11th August 1951

**S.R.O. 1248.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Central Government hereby declares the ancient monument (Gateway or Torana in Village Karvan, District Baroda) as described in the annexed schedule to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

### SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Distt.	Taluka & Village	Name of the monument	Survey No. in which situated	Ownership	Boundary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Baroda.	Taluka Dabhoi Village Karvan.	Gateway or Torana exquisitely carved of mediaeval period.	Gamthan ticea No. 3.	Public.	North—Bank of village pond. South—Road to Jamby Mohalla. East—Mahadev temple and Government Girls School Building. West—Suthar Muljibhai Dullabhai's house.

[No. F.4-4/51-A.2]

**S.R.O. 1249.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Central Government is pleased to declare the ancient monument (Jumma Masjid at Sidhpur, District Mehsana) described in the annexed Schedule to be protected within the meaning of the said Act.



*Statement showing particulars required for declaration of certain ancient structures as protected monuments.*

Serial No.	District	Name of Taluk	Name of Village	Name of Monument	Ownership of the Monument	Survey No. in which situated	Exact dimensions of the area occupied by and attached to the Monument	Boundary
1	Mehsana	Sidhpur	Sidhpur	Jamamajid	President, Sidhpur Muslim Shahi Jamamajid Working Committee.	[S. No. 37	1144 Sq. Yds. Approx. N. Side—98 ft.]  S. Side—127 ft. 3 in.  E. Side—127 ft. 6 in.  W. Side—129 ft. 8 in.	N.—Ticca No. 3/1 S. No. 55, 53, 52, 51, 50 42, 41, 38. S—Ticca No. 3/1 S. Nos. 31, 30, 28, 24. E—Ticca No. 3/1 S. No. 156, 155, 154, 153 55. W—Ticca No. 3/1. S. No. 32, 33, 34, 35, 36.

[No. D.4633/51-A.2]

**S.R.O. 1250.**—As required by rule 2 of the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Education, Health and Lands No./F.14-1/33, dated the 13th September, 1934 as amended from time to time, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to make the following notification in exercise of the powers conferred by section 20 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904) for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby. Any person who objects to the proposed notification may forward to the Collector of Mehsana in the Baroda territory a statement of the grounds of his objection within one month of the date on which the Collector causes a public notice of the said notification to be exhibited on or near the area in question.

*Draft Notification.*

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Central Government is pleased to declare the following site to be a protected one, namely:—

The ancient site at Karvan, District Mehsana, Baroda territory, Bombay comprising the plot in the annexed Schedule.

# SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Name of District	Name of Taluka	Name of Village	Name of monument	Survey No. in which situate	Ownership	Boundary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Mehsana	Dabhoi	Karvan	Ancient Site.	A plot of land consisting of S. Nos. 1/1 ; 2; 3/1 3/2; 4/2 ; 3/4; 4/5 ; 4/6 ; 4/7 ; 4/8 ; 4/9 ; 4/10 ; 5 ; 5/1 ; 5/2 ; 5/3 ; 5/4 ; 5/5 ; 5/6 ; 6; 6/1; 6/2; 6/3; 11 ; 12; 13; 14; 15; 16.	Partly Government and partly private.]	N—Road with the following ticca Nos. beyond it.  3062/5 ; 3063 ; 3064; 3354 ----- 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. E—Road with the ticca Nos. 3054 ; 3055/2 and S. Nos. 63 ; 61 and 60/2 beyond it. Also S. Nos. 7, 8, 11/1, 11/2 12/1 , 12/2 and 14 [S—Railway Line and S. No. 271. W—Karvan village pond.

[No D. 4523/51-A.2]  
BINA CHATTERJEE, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 13th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1251.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 45 of the Vishva-Bharati Act, 1951 (XXIX of 1951), the Paridarsaka (Visitor), in consultation with the Upacharya (Vice-Chancellor) hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the Vishva-Bharati (Removal of Difficulties) Order, No. 1 namely :—

In the said order :—

- (i) in sub-clause (2) of clause 1 the words 'but shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of thirty days after the first meeting of the Karma Samiti (Executive Council)' shall be added at the end.
- (ii) in clause 2, the words 'until the Statutes of the Vishva-Bharati University are made and come into force' shall be omitted.

[No. F. 40-4/51-G. III]

HUMAYUN KABIR, Joint Secy

## MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

### PORTS

*New Delhi, the 8th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1252.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Madras Port Trust Act, 1905 (Madras Act No. II of 1905), the Central Government hereby nominates Shri S. Ramaswami Naidu, a Councillor of the Corporation of Madras, as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Madras, the Municipal Corporation of the City of Madras having failed to elect a trustee within the period prescribed in section 13 of the said Act.

[No. 13-PI(15)/51-B.]

*New Delhi, the 13th August, 1951.*

**S.R.O. 1253.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 6 of the Madras Outports Landing and Shipping Fees Act, 1885 (Madras Act III of 1885), the Central Government hereby directs that with effect from the 18th September 1951, the following further amendment shall be made in the Schedule of Landing and Shipping Fees and Wharfage, published by the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Transport, No. 11-P(90)/47, dated the 23rd December 1947, namely :—

In the said Schedule, in Section XX—"Heavy Lifts", for the existing note (iv) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

- "(iv) No separate charges shall be levied for the services of either the tug or the pontoon in connection with the transport of heavy lifts weighing above 3 tons each between wharves on the Willingdon Island and a vessel berthed alongside or in stream. But when lifts of 3 tons and less are transported along with those above 3 tons, the hire charges of the pontoon shall be levied in all cases, except when this is done to suit the Port's convenience".

[No. 6-PH(53)/51]

**S.R.O. 1254.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Central Government hereby withdraws the said Act from the Port of Jhansi where it is in force by virtue of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport No. 20-M(1)/50-I dated the 4th July 1950.

[No. 20-M(1)/50.]

**S.R.O. 1255.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 18 of the Calcutta Port Act, 1890 (Bengal Act III of 1890), the Central Government is pleased to authorise the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta to raise on the 20th August 1951 a debenture loan of Rs. 50 (fifty) lakhs repayable on the 20th August 1981.

The whole of the loan will be taken up by the Commissioners' Reserve Funds in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 24C of the said Act.

[No. 9-P(98)/51].

T. S. PARASURAMAN, Dy Secy.

## MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

### POST AND TELEGRAPHS

*New Delhi, the 9th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1253.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933 (XVII of 1933), the Central Government hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Communications No. T-2/153/50-Part-II dated the 10th May 1951, namely :—

In the Annexure to the said Notification, the following shall be added at the end, namely :—

Officer-in-Charge Travancore Telephone Group	Travancore.
Officer-in-Charge Hyderabad Telephone Division	Hyderabad Deccan.
Asstt. Divisional Engineer, Telegraphs	Jalpaiguri.
Sub-Divisional Officer, Wireless	Hyderabad Deccan.
Sub-Divisional Officer, Telegraphs	Cuttack.
Assistant-Engineer, Wireless	Bikaner.

[No. T-2/153/50-II.]

K. V. VENKATACHALAM, Dy. Secy.

*New Delhi, the 9th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1257.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Aircraft Act, 1934 (XXII of 1934), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Aircraft Rules, 1920, the same having been published as required by section 14 of the said Act, namely :—

In rule 64 of the said Rules, the following words shall be omitted :—

“except the State of Hyderabad”

[No. 10-A/2-48.]

P. K. ROY, Dy. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF WORKS, PRODUCTION & SUPPLY***New Delhi, the 7th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1258.**—The following draft of a further amendment to the Coal Mines Safety (Stowing) Rules, 1939, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Coal Mines Safety (Stowing) Act, 1939 (XIX of 1939), is published, as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st August 1951.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

*Draft Amendment*

For rule 36 of the said Rules, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 36. *Execution of protective measures directly by the Board.*—(1) If in the opinion of the Board it is necessary or desirable that any protective measures required in furtherance of the objects of the Act should be undertaken directly by the Board, the Board may execute or cause to be executed such measures under its own supervision.

(2) The Board may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, sanction the payment from the Fund of the full cost of any protective measures undertaken under sub-rule (1).

*Provided that* (a) in case of expenditure incurred under the provisions of sub-rules (1) and (2) the Board shall not undertake any scheme which is likely to cost more than Rupees 5 lacs without the previous sanction of the Central Government.

(b) the Board shall only incur expenditure on works specifically provided for in the Board's Budget Estimates, and

(c) the Board shall not incur any expenditure in excess of what is provided under each separate sub-head of the Budget Estimates.”

[No. M 14(1).]

A. NANU, Under Secy.

*New Delhi, the 10th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1259.**—The following draft of certain rules which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, (IV of 1884), is published as required by section 18 of the said Act for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th September, 1951.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

*[Draft Rules]***RULES REGULATING THE HANDLING OF EXPLOSIVES IN THE PORT OF MADRAS**

1. These rules are supplementary to the Explosives Rules, 1940, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Rules).

2. *Definitions*—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- (a) "port" or "harbour" means the port or harbour of Madras ;
- (b) "board" means the Board of Trustees of the Port of Madras ;
- (c) "properly constructed magazine" means and includes a magazine fitted with eight boxes, ventilators and in every respect similar to those constructed in vessels of the Navy and the Indian Marine according to the Admiralty specifications and surveyed by any Government surveyor in the United Kingdom and approved by the Deputy Conservator of the Board ;
- (d) the expressions "ship" and "boat" have the meanings respectively, assigned to them by rule 3 of the Principal Rules.

3. *The Ship-master's duty*.—The Master of any Vessel arriving at the Port of Madras with explosives on board as cargo shall give immediate notice thereof to the Pilot, or Harbour Master, who shall at once come on board such vessel.

4. *Duty of those interested in Cargo arriving*.—The Agents of any vessel expected to arrive at the Port of Madras and known to have explosives on board as cargo and the consignee or consignees of, and other person or persons interested in, such explosives so expected to arrive by any vessel at the port, shall give notice of the fact of such explosives being on board such vessel to the Traffic Manager with a copy of such notice to the Deputy Conservator of the Port not less than 48 hours before the arrival of such vessel

5. *Duty of those interested in cargo for Shipment*.—The Agents or consignor or consignors of, or other person or persons interested in, any explosives intended to be shipped as cargo on board any vessel in the Port of Madras, shall give notice to the Traffic Manager with a copy of such notice to the Deputy Conservator of the Port of this or their intention to ship such explosives by such vessel, 48 hours before any such explosives are shipped

6. *The Character of the notice prescribed in rules (3) and (5)*.—Every such notice shall be in writing and shall contain a statement showing the quantities and nature of the explosives to be landed at, or shipped from, Madras or to be landed for re-shipment, and specifying, in the case of shipment or re-shipment, the Port or Ports for which such explosives are intended.

7. *Obligation of the Port Trust*.—Upon receipt of any such notice, the Traffic Manager of the Port shall depute an Officer to take charge of such explosives, at the place where they are to be landed, and until they shall have been removed from the Board's premises and in cases where explosives are to be exported, until they shall have been shipped to the vessel named in such notice.

8. *Explosives necessitating the use of outside Moorings*.—Vessels carrying explosives of the undermentioned classes shall be berthed at an outside Mooring :—

- Class 1. Gunpowder, exceeding 6,000 lb. in weight ;
- Class 2. Nitrate-mixture, exceeding 6,000 lb. in weight ;
- Class 3. Nitro-compound, division 1, except cordite, not exceeding 6,000 lb. in weight ;
- Class 3 Nitro-compound, division 2, except—
  - (a) Guncotton, wet ;
  - (b) Schultz's and E. C. powder and other sporting explosives of this class in tins not exceeding 5 lb. in weight each, subject to a limit of 6,000 lb. by any one vessel.
- Class 6. Ammunition, divisions 2 and 3.

Class 7. Division 2, manufactured fireworks, other than those referred to in rule (10). Such vessels may, however, be allowed to enter the harbour, provided that the explosives are contained in a properly constructed magazine and provided such magazine is kept closed while the vessel is inside the Harbour—subject, in the event of rough weather, to the exercise by the Chairman of the Port Trust of the discretion vesting in him under rule (11).

9. *Explosives which may be handled within the Harbour.*—Vessels carrying explosives of the undermentioned classes, intended for discharge at Madras, may be moored inside the harbour, provided such explosives are contained in a properly constructed magazine; and the explosives may be carried by the lighter between vessel's side and places in the Harbour premises allotted for the purpose from time to time by the Deputy Conservator of the Port.

Class 1. Gunpowder, not exceeding 6,000 lb. in weight;

Class 2. Nitrate-mixture, not exceeding 6,000 lb. in weight;

Class 3. Nitro-compound, division 1, cordite, not exceeding 6,000 lb. in weight;

Class 3. Nitro-compound, division 2, except—

(a) Guncotton, wet;

(b) Schultz's and E. C. powder and other sporting explosives of this class in tins not exceeding 5 lb. in weight each, subject to a limit of 6,000 lb. by any one vessel.

Class 6. Ammunition, division 1.

10. *Unrestricted explosives.*—Explosives comprising the first two items of division 1 of class 6, namely, safety cartridges and safety fuses for blasting, may be treated in all respects like ordinary combustible cargo. They need not be kept in a magazine while on board ship within the Harbour, and may be landed or shipped at any place indicated by the Board for the handling of combustibles.

The following explosives of class 7, division 2—Manufactured fireworks are also treated likewise :—

Wonder candles.

Star Matches.

Aluminium matches.

Meteor matches.

Chinese crackers.

Silbera sparklers.

Aluminium Torches.

Golden sparklers.

Electric sparkler candles.

Magic candles.

Brilliant star matches.

Magnesium Torches.

Amorches or paper caps for toy pistols.

11. *Discharging the explosives dealt with in rule 8.*—Vessels referred to in rule 8, when discharging their explosives, must be moored outside the Harbour entrance, at one of the outside berths, at anchor or otherwise as the Dy. Conservator of the Port may direct. Lighters carrying the Explosives of vessels so moored may discharge only at such point or points as the Deputy Conservator of the Port may direct which shall ordinarily be a place outside the enclosed harbour. Provided that in the event of a vessel arriving in rough weather, when in the opinion of the Chairman of the Board discharge at an outside berth would be attended by danger, he may, at his discretion, give special permission for such vessels to open her magazine and to discharge the explosives into lighters at a berth inside the Harbour under such restrictions as he may see fit to impose and to land them at such places and under such conditions as he may direct.

12. *Shipping the explosives dealt with in rule 8.*—The explosives referred to in rule 8 must be shipped or transhipped at one of the outside berths, but may only be loaded into boats at places indicated by the Deputy Conservator of the Port and under such conditions as the Deputy Conservator of the Port may see fit to impose.



13. *Explosives intended for other Ports than Madras.*—Vessels carrying explosives of the following classes, intended for discharge elsewhere than at Madras, may enter the harbour, provided that such explosives are contained in a properly constructed magazine and provided further that such magazine is kept closed while the vessel is inside the Harbour —

- Class 1 Gunpowder class.
- Class 2 Nitro-compound class
- Class 6 Ammunition class.

14. *Separation of certain classes of explosives.*—Any explosive of the 5th (Fulminate) class, or any explosive of the 6th (Ammunition) class which contains its own means of ignition or any explosive of the 7th (Fireworks) class, shall not be conveyed in any ship or boat with any explosive not of the class and division to which it belongs, unless it be separated therefrom to prevent any fire or explosion which may take place on any such explosive being communicated to the other explosives.

15. *Explosives excluded from the Harbour absolutely.*—The following explosives are absolutely excluded from the Harbour —

- Class 4. Chlorate mixture.
- Class 5 Fulminate.
- Class 7. Fireworks, division 1.

16. *Signals and precautions while at the Port.*—Whilst any explosives remain on board any vessel at the Port whether outside or inside the Harbour, the signal flag 'B' Commercial Code shall be kept flying at the foremast head between sunrise and sunset and the Port signal provided for the purpose, viz, a red light at the mainmast head, shall be kept hoisted between sunset and sunrise. The Master or Chief Officer shall remain on board until the explosives intended for Madras shall have been discharged. Every ship or steamer in the Harbour carrying explosives shall be moved at a distance of not less than fifty yards from every other ship or steamer in the Harbour.

17. *Precaution against sparking* —The Master of every vessel receiving or discharging explosives shall see that the platform in the vessel's hold to be used in receiving or delivering such explosives, and coamings of the hatchways of such vessels, are covered with tanned hides or other suitable paddings, that the barrels or boxes containing any such explosives and received on board any such vessel are carefully stowed therein, that the hatches of such vessels are properly secured and locked, and that the key of the magazine in which any such explosives may be stowed remains in his own possession. All persons concerned in the handling or in supervising the handling, of any such barrels or boxes of explosives shall wear suitable shoes without any metal nails or other metal in or upon them, or shall wear ro shoes.

18. *Precautions on lighters, barges and boats* —Barges, lighters and boats about to be used for the transport of any explosives shall be kept scrupulously clean and free from loose explosives, and shall not, when at anchor with explosives on board, lie closer than one cable's length or 200 yards from any of the shipping in the port or from any public landing place, and, all explosives in any such barges, lighters or boats shall be securely covered with tarpaulins. Whilst any such explosives shall remain on board, a red flag shall be kept flying on every such barge, lighter or boat between sunrise and sunset and, in addition to the regulation anchor-light, a red light in an elevated position shall be shown from any such barge, lighter or boat between sunset and sunrise. No fire, smoking or matches shall be allowed on board any such barge, lighter or boat, nor any light of any kind except the red light mentioned above. Kerosene or other easily ignited oil is not to be used for the above mentioned lights. The tidal and at least half of the crew of every such barge, lighter or boat shall remain on board until all its explosives shall have been discharged.

19. *Conditions for landing from boats at the appointed places.*—All barges, lighters and boats, having explosives on board to be landed at any of the landing places appointed by the Deputy Conservator of the Port shall remain off these places until orders to approach are received from the Officer directing the landing. Not more than two boats, or at the discretion of the Officer directing the discharge four boats, shall unload simultaneously.

20. *Lighters with explosives on board—to carry a buoy on deck.*—Every lighter barge or vessel carrying consignments of explosives of over ten hundred-weight within the limits of the port or within a radius of three miles thereof shall carry on deck a buoy which may be a five gallon oil drum painted red with suitable fittings to be approved by the Deputy Conservator of the Port and which shall be secured by a 3 inch circumference coir rope 15 fathoms long attached and seized to a ring bolt on the deck of the lighter, barge or vessel, aft near the tiller, or otherwise as may be approved by the Deputy Conservator of the Port.

21. *Precautions on the vessel whilst explosives are being landed or shipped.*—explosives which may be landed or shipped inside the Harbour under rule 9, if properly packed as required by schedule II, of the principal rules may be shipped on board, or discharge from, a vessel lying at the ordinary moorings within the harbour. Such shipment or discharge shall be effected under precautions and conditions mentioned and contained in these rules, and such explosives must be taken on board the vessel for which they are intended immediately after the boat carrying such explosives has come alongside. No cargo boat or other vessel having fire on board shall be allowed to lie nearer than one cable's length or 200 yards from such vessel during the time that any explosives are being shipped. All other cargo work on board such vessel shall be stopped, while such shipment or discharge is taking place.

22. *Precautions in the matter of fires.*—When explosives other than those mentioned in class 6, division 1, of the Principal Rules, are shipped or discharged within the Port limits, no smoking of tobacco will be permitted on board the vessel on which they are being shipped or from which they are being discharged, and all fires and lights on board shall be extinguished before the barge, lighter or boat bringing such explosives for shipment, or receiving such explosives to be landed, shall come alongside of such vessel. Should it be necessary, in the case of a steamer, that the fires in her engine room should remain lighted, the barge, lighter or boat so bringing or receiving such explosives shall be placed to the windward of the steamer's funnel, and in the event of the steamer swinging, such explosives must be covered with tarpaulins until such barge, lighter or boat is removed to a safe and proper position.

23. *Hours of working.*—No explosives other than those mentioned in class 6, division 1, of the Principal Rules, shall be discharged from a ship or may be shipped from the shore before 6-30 A.M. or after 4 P.M. but landing from barge to shore or shipping from barge to ship may be between sunrise and sunset.

24. *Restrictions on the opening of Magazines.*—Except in cases of emergency, no magazine on board of any vessel containing explosives, other than safety fuses, safety cartridges and caps, shall be opened while the ship is inside the Harbour, without the permission of the Deputy Conservator of the Port. But if such magazine should be opened and, in the opinion of the Deputy Conservator of the Port the emergency was not such as to justify the Master of the Vessel in opening it or allowing it to be opened, such master shall be deemed to have contravened this rule. Such magazine shall remain open only for the time required to remove or stow explosives, and that operation shall always be performed in the presence of an Officer of the ship.

25. *Place of Loading and Unloading within the Port.*—Every lighter or barge shall only load or discharge explosives at the Outer Quay, the steps inside the Harbour at the Eastern entrance and at East Quay if there is no vessel at this berth.

26. *Penalties.*—Whoever in breach of those rules transports or imports any explosive or otherwise contravenes any of these rules shall be punishable with fine which may extend to—

(a) in the case of a person so importing an explosive, three thousand rupees ;

(b) in the case of a person, so transporting an explosive, one thousand rupees ; and

(c) in any other case, two hundred rupees.

27. *Saving.*—Nothing in rules 8 to 13 shall apply to a vessel carrying explosives of a weight less than 25 lbs. in all.

[No M-102(39)/51.]

A. K. SEN, Under Secy.

#### CENTRAL BOILERS BOARD

*New Delhi, the 11th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1260.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the India Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), the Central Boilers Board hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1920, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, namely :—

In the said Regulations, in clause (2) of regulation 1, for the words and letter “except Part B States” the words “except the State of Jammu and Kashmir” shall be substituted.

[No. M/BL-12(6)-PART II.]

N. P. DUBE, Secy., Central Boilers Board.

#### MINISTRY OF LABOUR

*New Delhi, the 10th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1261.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. LR-3 (41), dated the 27th June 1951, namely:—

For “SCHEDULE I”, to the said order, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

#### ‘ SCHEDULE I ’

Serial No.	Name of mine & area in acres	Name of mine owner and address
NAGPUR DISTRICT		
1.	Chargeon 78.75 acres . . . . .	Shri Shriji Narayan Minin Trust P.O. Ramtek.
2.	Nagardhan 15.88 acres . . . . .	Do.
3.	Nagardhan & Nandapuri 16.12 acres . . . . .	Do.
4.	Kashurwahi 15.18 acres . . . . .	Do.
5.	Satak 20.4 acres . . . . .	Do.
6.	Manegeon 83.27 acres . . . . .	Do.
7.	Kendri & Chargeon 88.96 acres . . . . .	Do.
8.	Parwada 42.65 acres . . . . .	Do.
9.	Manver 14.89 acres . . . . .	Do.
10.	Chorbhali 11.68 acres . . . . .	Do.
11.	Bijewada 32.06 acres . . . . .	Do.
12.	Kandri 9.05 acres . . . . .	Do.
13.	Panohala 70.98 acres . . . . .	Do.

1	2	3
14.	Gumgaon 119.56 acres . . . . .	The Central Province Manganese Ore Co., Nagpur.
15.	Ramdengri 112.82 acres . . . . .	Do.
16.	Kandri 205.26 acres . . . . .	Do.
17.	Manzar 6.30 acres . . . . .	Do.
18.	Satak 21.45 acres . . . . .	Do.
19.	Lohdengri 107.93 acres . . . . .	Do.
20.	Beldongri 58.08 acres . . . . .	Do.
21.	Kachurwahi 16.23 acres . . . . .	Shri Bhawanji Narainji, Mining Propr P.O. Ramtek.
22.	Parsoda 15.35 acres . . . . .	Do.
23.	Manegaon 95.15 acres . . . . .	Do.
24.	Krinapur 72.22 acres . . . . .	The C.P. Syndicate Ltd., Byramji town, Nagpur.
25.	Juniwani—Waregaon 64.99 acres . . . . .	} R.B. Bansilal Abirchand Mining Syndicate, Bisesar House, Temple Road, P.B. No. 11, Nagpur.
26.	Waregaon—Kachurwahi 42.61 acres . . . . .	
27.	Goguldeh. . . . .	Shri S. A. H. Wasudeo Rao and Bros., Sadar Bazar, Nagpur.
28.	Kolgaon and Tigai 118.37 acres . . . . .	Shri Bansidhar Ramnivas Goonka, Empress Mills Road, Nagpur.
29.	Khairi (Kirad) 18.02 acres . . . . .	Shri M.E.R. Malak, Mining Pro., Dhanteli, Nagpur.
30.	Mandri Mine . . . . .	M/S Madhusudandas and Bros., P.O. Tumsar, M.P.
31.	Banarbadi . . . . .	Sari Beharilal Jhunjhunwala, Min- ing Pro., Sibash Chandra Road, Nagpur.
32.	Chargaon. . . . .	Shri Goswami Maheshpuri, Mining Pro., Nagpur.
33.	Maharkundi . . . . .	Shrimati Senubai w/o Ganpatrao Tal- ankar.
34.	Kothurna 15.66 acres . . . . .	Mining Propr., Sadar Bazar, Nag- pur.
35.	Kothurna 23.78 acres . . . . .	Do.
36.	Krinapur. . . . .	Do.
37.	Mohgaon . . . . .	Do.
38.	Ramdengri . . . . .	Do.
39.	Satak . . . . .	Shri N. D. Zal, P.O. Kamptee, Distt. Nagpur.
40.	Wakedi . . . . .	Shri M. G. Rawoll, Ramdaspath, Nag- pur.
41.	Juniwani 67.84 acres . . . . .	Shri Dhaji Devji and Sons, P.O. Betulgunj, Betul.
42.	Ditto. 48.00 acres . . . . .	Do.
43.	Ditto. 35.00 acres . . . . .	Do.
44.	Ditto. 35.00 acres . . . . .	Shri Daya Bhimji, Mining Pro. P.O. Tumsar.
45.	Bandra 12.63 acres . . . . .	Do.
46.	Manegaon 8.24 acres . . . . .	R.B. Seth Shreeram Dargaprasad P.O. Tumsar.
47.	Nagardhan 4.75 acres . . . . .	Shri Bhawanji Narainji, Mining Prop., Ramtek.

1

2

3

	Bandra in Government F.E.P. Range 8.00 acres.	Shri Dhanji Devji and Sons, P.O. Betulgunj, Betul Dist.
49.	Junawani 51.30 acres . . . . .	Do.
50.	Chargaon 8.16 acres . . . . .	Shri S. Abideen, Mining Engr., Nelson Square, Nagpur.
51.	Parsoda . . . . .	Do.
52.	Parseoni . . . . .	Do.
53.	Government Forest, East Panch Range, 182.01 acres.	R.B. Bansail Abirchand Mining Syndicate, Nagpur.
54.	Ditto, 357.60 acres . . . . .	Do.
55.	Ditto, 151.69 acres . . . . .	Do.
56.	Ditto, 1.56 acres . . . . .	Do.
57.	Kandri . . . . .	The C.P. Manganese Ore Co. Ltd., Nagpur.]
58.	Munsar . . . . .	Do.
59.	Gumgaon Bawanthari . . . . .	Do.
60.	Ramdengri do. . . . .	Do.
61.	Munsar do . . . . .	Do.
62.	Government Forest Bawanthari Range, Garadi E/C 89.9 acres.	Do.
63.	G.F., Bnanthari range, Garraghat W/C 24.69 acres.	Do.
64.	Jamrapani 77.69 acres . . . . .	Do.
65.	Jamrapani 5.36 acres . . . . .	Do.
66.	Chickmara 135.39 acres . . . . .	Do.
67.	Hatoda 26.55 acres . . . . .	Do.
68.	Sitapatore 11.79 acres . . . . .	Do.
69.	Chickmara 3.36 acres . . . . .	Do.
70.	Chakaheti 44.05 acres . . . . .	Do.
71.	Hatoda 10.88 acres . . . . .	Do.
72.	Miragpur 365.74 acres . . . . .	Do.
73.	Paonia 265.58 acres . . . . .	Seth Gopikisan Agerwal, Mining Pro., P.O. Tumsar.
74.	Paonia 66.96 „ . . . . .	Do.
75.	Selwa 82.96 „ . . . . .	Do.
76.	Sukli 445.50 „ . . . . .	Do.
77.	Sukli 65.74 „ . . . . .	Do.
78.	Kosamba 132.46 „ . . . . .	Do.
79.	Kosamba 60.28 „ . . . . .	Do.
80.	Kosamba 32.39 „ . . . . .	Do.
81.	Manegan . . . . .	Do.
82.	Hirapur . . . . .	Shri Amritlal P. Trivedi, Balaghat.
83.	Chaukhandi . . . . .	Do.
84.	Pandherwani . . . . .	Do.
85.	Ramdherwani . . . . .	Do.
86.	Betejhiri . . . . .	Do.
87.	Do. . . . .	Do.
88.	Government Forest, Sonewani & Katagijairi	Do.
89.	Katanghiri . . . . .	Do.
90.	Ramrama . . . . .	Do.
91.	Do. . . . .	Do.
92.	Government Forest, Sonewani . . . . .	Do.
93.	Jam . . . . .	Shri J. P. Trivedi, Balaghat
94.	Miragpur . . . . .	Do.
95.	Pindekar . . . . .	Shri Cheniram Jorraj, Ambazari Road, Nagpur.
96.	Sitapatore 45.91 acres . . . . .	Seth Ghanshyamdas Ramnath Khande-lwar, P. O., Tumsar.
97.	Tiredi 10.2 acres . . . . .	Seth Shreeram Durgaprasad, Mining Prop., P. O. Tumsar.
98.	Government Forest, B. T. Range, 153.87 acres	Do.
99.	Hatoda 54.54 acres . . . . .	Do.
100.	Sitalgarh Hamesha Mine . . . . .	Do.

101	Jagantola and Gondi Mines 354.38 acres	M/S Prakash & Co. Balaghat.
102	Gondi Mines 78.70 acres	Do.
103	Gondi Mines 32.91 acres	Do.
104	Tirodi 91.66 acres	M/S B. P. Byramji & Co., Byramji Town, Nagpur.
105	Tirodi 99.89 acres	Do.
106	Government Forest Sonewani	Shri J. P. Trivedi, Balaghat.
107	Botejhiri	Shri Diwanchand Jwar Mining Prop. P. O. Katangjhiri, Distt. Balaghat.
108	Botejhiri	Do.
109	Kechwahi Mine	Do.
110	Tirodi South	The Central Provinces Manganese Ore Co., Nagpur.
111	Ramrama West	Do.
112	Balaghat	Do.
113	Ukwa	Do.
114	Sitapatore	The Central Provinces Manganese Ore Co. Nagpur.
115	Sitapatore-Bawanthari	Do.
116	Jamrapani	Do.
117	Jamrapani Bawanthari	Do.
118	Tirodi Bawanthari East and West	Do.
119	Tirodi Now	Do.
120	Tirodi North	Do.
121	Paonia	Do.
122	Ramrama East Bawanthari	Do.
123	Balaghat	Do.
124	Ukwa	Do.
125	Ramarama Bawanthari	Do.
126	Tirodi 19.99 acres	Shri Nilkanth Namdeb Dalal, Mining Prop. P. O. Bhandara.

## BHANDARA DISTRICT

127	Sitasaongi 126.09 acres	Seth Gopikisan Agarwal, Mining Pr. P. O. Tumsar.
128	Dongri Buzruk 8.22 acres	Do.
129	Dongri Buzruk 8.74 acres	Do.
130	Chickla 102.28 acres	Do.
131	Edurbuchi 2.20 acres	Do.
132	Chickla No. 1, 2, & 3	} R. B. Bansilal Abirchand, Mining syndicate, Bisesar House, Temple Road P. B. No. 11, Nagpur.
133	Selwa No. 10 lease	
134	Sakardara	Shri S. Abideen, Mining Engineer, Nelson Sq. Nagpur.
135	Edurbuchi	Do.
136	Government Forest Bawanthari Range Karli Mine, 21.12 acres	The C. P. Syndicate Ltd., Nagpur.
137	Government Forest B. T. Range, F. S. Asalpani, 32.08. acres	Seth Shreeram Durgaprasad, P. O., Tumsar.
138	Edurbuchi 321.16 acres	M/S B. P. Byramji & Co., Byramji Town, Nagpur.
139	Kurumuda 19.88 acres	Seth Shreeram Durgaprasad, P. O., Tumsar.
140	Chickla	The C. P. Manganese Ore Co., Nagpur.
141	Sitasaongi	Do.
142	Chickla	Do.
143	Chickla-Bawanthari	Do.

## CHHINDWARA DISTRICT

144	Katchidhana Mine	Shri G. H. Rawell & Sons, Mining Prop., Katchidhana, P. O. Ramakona.
145	Gowari-Wadhona Mine	Seth Shreeram Durgaprasad, Mining Prop., P. O., Tumsar.

## ORDERS

*New Delhi, the 8th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1262.**—Whereas by Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. LR-90(7), dated the 5th December, 1950, an industrial dispute between the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, and its employees at its Head Office and the Branches was referred to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, for adjudication ;

And whereas a further industrial dispute has arisen between the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, and its workmen at the Head Office and in the Branch offices, in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed ;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer this further dispute for adjudication ;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of subsection (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal at Dhanbad, constituted under Section 7 of the said Act.

## SCHEDULE

*The Company's Demand*

(1) That the existing Leave Rules of the Company, dated 3rd March 1943 to be replaced by the following Leave Rules :—

*(a) Privilege Leave—*

- (i) No Privilege Leave shall be granted until an employee has been in the service of the Company for at least one year ;
- (ii) Employees of under 10 years' service shall be allowed Privilege Leave of three weeks per annum and employees of 10 years' service and over of one month per annum ;
- (iii) No Privilege Leave shall be allowed to accumulate beyond 2 months in the case of employees of under 10 years' service and beyond 3 months in the case of employees of over 10 years' service.

*(b) Casual Leave—*

- (i) Casual Leave may be granted for a period not exceeding 10 days per annum, but not more than 4 consecutive days shall generally be granted at any one time. Holidays shall not be allowed to be prefixed or suffixed to Casual Leave.
- (ii) Short absence on account of illness, unsupported by a Medical Certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner, shall be treated as Casual Leave.
- (iii) Casual Leave shall not be cumulative.

*(c) Sick Leave—*

15 days' leave per annum on half-pay shall be allowed to each employee subject to a maximum of 6 months in all during the whole service.

(2) *Age of Retirement.*—That after an employee has attained the age of 55 years or has completed 30 years of service, whichever be earlier, he may be required by the Company by written notice to retire after two calendar months from the date of such notice, if his efficiency is found to be impaired or if he is found unable to cope with his work, or found to be habitually slow in carrying out his duties.

[No. LR-90(7).]

*New Delhi, the 10th August 1951*

**S.R.O. 1233** —Whereas by orders of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour S.R.O. No. 1010, dated the 2nd July, 1951, and S.R.O. No. 1160 dated the 24th July, 1951, industrial disputes between the Punjab National Bank, Ltd., Delhi, its branches and its Treasurers and Cashier contractors on the one hand and their workmen and the All India Punjab National Bank Employees' Federation and U. P. Bank Employees' Union representing such workmen on the other hand have been referred to an Industrial Tribunal for adjudication ;

And whereas a further industrial dispute has arisen between the Punjab National Bank, Limited, Delhi, its branches and its Treasurers and Cashier Contractors on the one hand and their workmen and the All India Punjab National Bank Employees' Federation, Delhi, the U.P. Bank Employees' Union, representing such workmen on the other hand, in respect of the matters specified in Schedule I hereto annexed ;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the further dispute to a Tribunal for adjudication ;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal constituted by the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1010, dated the 2nd July, 1951, under section 7 of the said Act.

#### SCHEDULE I

Wrongful dismissal of 5 Cashiers, Assistant Cashiers, Head Cashiers and Hundi Presentors of the Punjab National Bank, Ltd., mentioned in Schedule II and their reinstatement.

2. In the event of any order for reinstatement, payment of wages and allowances etc. from the date of dismissal to the date of reinstatement.

#### SCHEDULE II

S. No.	Name of the workmen	Deptt. or Branch.
1.	Shri Gian Chand	Karnal
2.	Shri Hukam Chand	Do.
3.	Shri Mahabir Parshad	Ferozopore Cantt.
4.	Shri Amar Nath Sharma	Do.
5.	Shri Kundan Lal Bajaj	Do.

[No. LR- 90(107).]

S. MULLICK, Dy. Secy.